

MYOSTAT MOTION

CONTROL INC.

CM1-E User Guide

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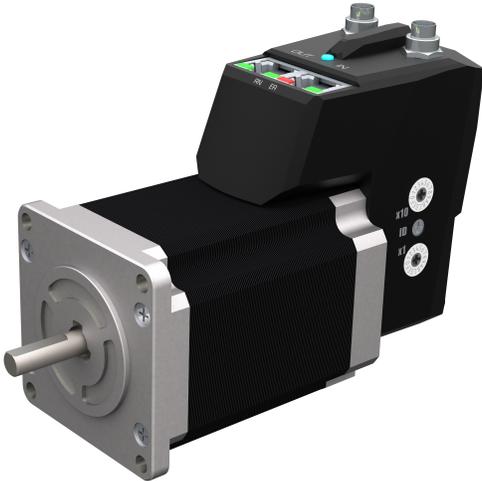
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2 CM1-E DESIGN REFERENCES

The intelligence and efficiency of the Cool Muscle servos, combined with an EtherCAT interface and separate power for control and drive.

Cool Muscle CM1_E Ethernet servos implement the CiA402 drive profile with CSP, CSV, PV, PP, and HM modes.



2.1 USER GUIDE

Use the search bar or links on the left to find the content you are looking for. Alternatively download a pdf copy of the user guide.

2.2 TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS



2.3 DATASHEETS

- [CM1-E-17X30D.PDF](#)
- [CM1-E-23XX0D.PDF](#)

2.4 CAD FILES

2.4.1 3D Models

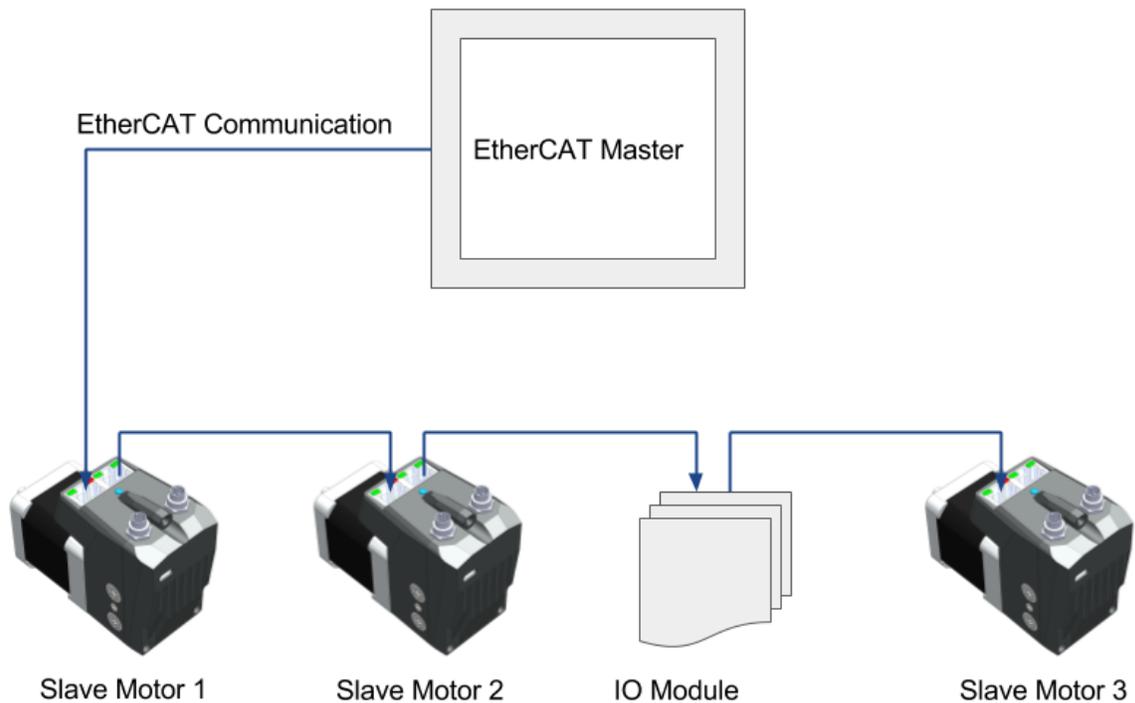
- [CM1-E-17L30D MCAD](#)
- [CM1-E-17S30D MCAD](#)
- [CM1-E-23S30D MCAD](#)
- [CM1-E-23L20D MCAD](#)

3 Introduction

3.1 Overview

EtherCAT^{®(1)} is a high speed, real time communication protocol that has the ability to update many devices in the microsecond range. This makes it ideal for multi-axis synchronised control or in systems where a master is coordinating a large variety of devices such as sensors, motion axes, distributed IO, etc.

The following network diagram shows a typical EtherCAT network including an EtherCAT master, 3 Cool Muscle slave devices and an additional IO module.



1 Figure: EtherCAT Network Topology

3.2 Cool Muscle Motors

The following CM1 motors are available with integrated EtherCAT communication. Use the Cool Muscle EtherCAT Bridge for all other models

| Part Number | Input Voltage | Peak Torque | Peak Current | Peak Speed |
|--------------|---------------|------------------------|--------------|------------|
| CM1-E-17S30D | 24V ± 10% | 0.117 Nm (11.61 oz.in) | 1.0A | 3000 rpm |
| CM1-E-17L30D | 24V ± 10% | 0.54 Nm (76.4 oz.in) | 1.8A | 3000 rpm |
| CM1-E-23S30D | 24V ± 10% | 0.46 Nm (65.14 oz.in) | 5.1A | 3000 rpm |
| CM1-E-23L20D | 24V ± 10% | 1.24 Nm (175.6 oz.in) | 3.4A | 2000 rpm |

1 Table: Integrated EtherCAT Cool Muscle motors

If the drive and control power are separated all motors will draw a maximum of 125mA on the 24V control power.

⁽¹⁾ EtherCAT® is registered trademark and patented technology, licensed by Beckhoff Automation GmbH, Germany.

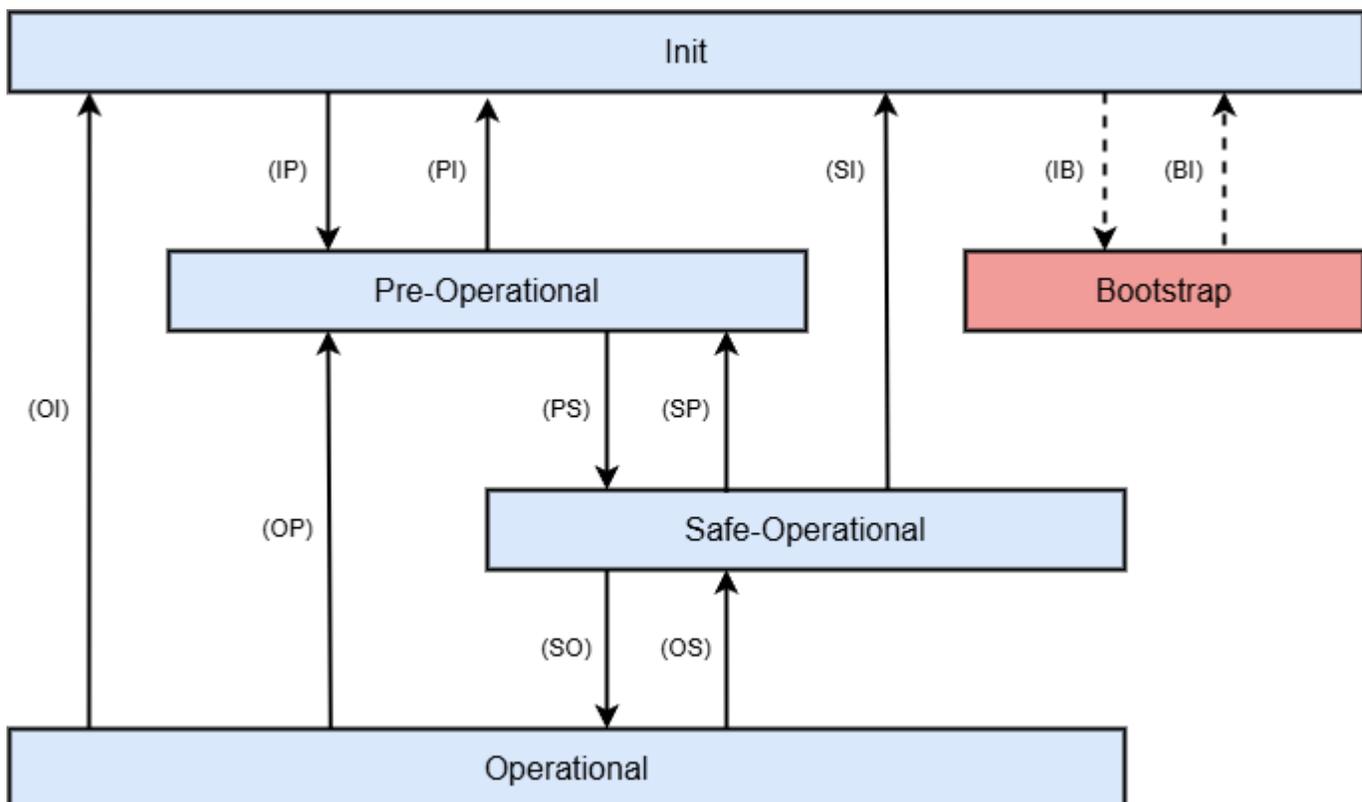
4 EtherCAT Overview

4.1 EtherCAT State Machine

The EtherCAT State Machine (ESM) is required on all EtherCAT devices. The ESM in general

- defines 5 communication states of the slave device
 - Init, Pre-Operational, Safe-Operational, Operational
 - Bootstrap is an optional state for firmware upload
- specifies initialization and error handling of the slave device
- identifies the current communication relationship between the master and slave device
 - requested and current state are accessed through the AL Control and AL Status registers

The ESM states can be transitioned as shown



Init State

- No communication to the application layer is allowed
- master only has communication to the data link registers (slave device eeprom, addressing, etc)

Pre-Operational State

- Mailbox (SDO) communication to the application layer is available
- No Process Data (PDO) communication.
- PDO register mapping should be completed. Transition to Safe-Operation will configure mapping.

Safe-Operational State

- Mailbox (SDO) communication to the application layer is available
- Slave output (tx) Process Data (PDO) communication is evaluated

Operational State

- All communication is commenced and valid

Bootstrap State

- The bootstrap state is used when updating EtherCAT firmware.

4.2 Explicit Device ID

4.2.1 General Description

The use of EtherCAT Device identification is to identify an EtherCAT slave explicitly. This is necessary for the following use cases:

- Hot Connect applications
Within some applications it might be useful to connect or disconnect parts of the network. In this case the master must have the possibility to identify which part of the network is available.
- Prevention against cable swapping
If at least two identical devices are used in one application it might be necessary to prevent the mix-up of these devices by cable swapping. Example Scenario: Within a machining center there might be two identical drives to work in X and Y direction. To avoid that the drives receive wrong process data, for example after a device replacement, an explicit identification of the devices can be used.

The Device Identification value can be used optionally for unique addressing.

4.2.2 Rotary Selectors

The CM1-E uses 2 rotary selectors on the side of the motor to set the ID. These use hexadecimal values to set the range from 0-255. The values are set as follows

| | x10 | x1 |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Description | Most significant 4 bits | Least significant 4 bits |
| Example value | B _h | 5 _h |
| Combined value | B5 _h (181 _d) | |

4.2.3 ID Range Usage

The following ID range is permissible

| ID | Usage |
|-----------|---|
| 0x00 (0) | No ID is set and Explicit Device ID is not used |

| ID | Usage |
|-------------------|---|
| 0x01-0xFE (1-254) | Explicit Device ID has been set |
| 0xFF (255) | Reserved <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Value cannot be used and will be read as 0 by the master |

4.2.4 Configured Station Alias

For backwards compatibility with certain master controllers the Configured Station Alias Register 0x0012 may be used. The following conditions exist:

| Explicit Device ID Value | Configured Station Alias Value | Usage |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 0 | 0 | No identification used or expected |
| >0 | 0 | Explicit Device ID is used |
| 0 | >0 | Configured Station Alias is used |
| >0 | >0 | Internal error generated |

4.3 PDO Timing

The CM1-E slave will accept a number of PDO rates. The rate is auto-detected and no additional setup is required on the slave.

Accepted rates are

1. 1000 μ s (1ms)
2. 500 μ s
3. 250 μ s
4. 200 μ s

The detected rate can be read in object 0xFE00:1.

4.4 PDO Mappings

The Cool Muscle EtherCAT slave has a few static PDO mapping options. It does not use dynamic mapping.

- The RxPDO is the PDO received by the motor/slave device
- The TxPDO is the PDO transmitted by the motor/slave device

Position units are in encoder counts (pulses). There are 50,000 encoder counts per revolution.

The following mappings are available.

4.4.1 Dynamic Switching of mode

This mapping is useful as a generic mapping. The master can run in any of the available modes as well as switch dynamically between them. The PDO also offers a lot of feedback information for diagnostics.

RxPDO - 0x1600

| Object | Name | Units | Data Type | Applicable Modes of Operation | Description |
|--------|--------------------|---------|-----------|-------------------------------|--|
| 0x6040 | Controlword | - | UINT16 | All | The Controlword is used to control the state of the mode of operation. |
| 0x60FE | Digital outputs | - | UINT16 | All | Set the state of the digital outputs |
| 0x607A | Target position | units | INT32 | CSP, PP | Set the target position of the motor |
| 0x60FF | Target speed | units/s | INT32 | CSV | Set the target speed of the motor. |
| 0x6060 | Modes of operation | - | INT8 | All | Set the required mode of operation |

TxPDO - 0x1A00

| Object | Name | Units | Data Type | Applicable Modes of Operation | Description |
|--------|-----------------------|-------------------|-----------|-------------------------------|--|
| 0x6041 | Statusword | - | UINT16 | All | The Statusword describes the current state of the mode of operation. |
| 0x603F | Error Code | - | UINT16 | All | The actual error code currently active. |
| 0x6064 | Position Actual Value | units | INT32 | All | The value of the motor's actual position |
| 0x606C | Speed Actual Value | units/s | INT32 | All | The value of the motor's actual speed |
| 0x6077 | Torque Actual Value | 0.1% rated torque | INT16 | All | The value of the motor's actual peak torque |
| 0x60FD | Digital Inputs | - | UINT16 | All | Digital inputs status |
| 0x2301 | Temperature | °c | INT16 | All | The actual motor temperature in °c. |
| 0x6079 | DC Voltage | 0.1VDC | INT16 | All | The actual DC 24V DC bus voltage |

| Object | Name | Units | Data Type | Applicable Modes of Operation | Description |
|--------|----------------------------|-------|-----------|-------------------------------|--|
| 0x6061 | Modes of operation display | - | INT8 | All | The mode of operation currently running. |

4.4.2 CSP Mode

This mapping is useful when a minimum amount of data wants to be transferred using CSP mode.

RxPDO - 0x1601

| Object | Name | Units | Data Type | Applicable Modes of Operation | Description |
|--------|-----------------|-------|-----------|-------------------------------|--|
| 0x6040 | Controlword | - | UINT16 | All | The Controlword is used to control the state of the mode of operation. |
| 0x60FE | Digital outputs | - | UINT16 | All | Set the state of the digital outputs |
| 0x607A | Target position | units | INT32 | CSP, PP | Set the target position of the motor |

TxPDO - 0x1A01

| Object | Name | Units | Data Type | Applicable Modes of Operation | Description |
|--------|-----------------------|-------------------|-----------|-------------------------------|--|
| 0x6041 | Statusword | - | UINT16 | All | The Statusword describes the current state of the mode of operation. |
| 0x603F | Error Code | - | UINT16 | All | The actual error code currently active. |
| 0x6064 | Position Actual Value | units | INT32 | All | The value of the motor's actual position |
| 0x6077 | Torque Actual Value | 0.1% rated torque | INT16 | All | The value of the motor's actual peak torque |
| 0x606C | Speed Actual Value | units/s | INT32 | All | The value of the motor's actual speed |
| 0x60FD | Digital Inputs | - | UINT16 | All | Digital inputs status |

4.4.3 CSV Mode

This mapping is useful when a minimum amount of data wants to be transferred using CSP mode.

RxPDO - 0x1602

| Object | Name | Units | Data Type | Applicable Modes of Operation | Description |
|--------|-----------------|---------|-----------|-------------------------------|--|
| 0x6040 | Controlword | - | UINT16 | All | The Controlword is used to control the state of the mode of operation. |
| 0x60FE | Digital outputs | - | UINT16 | All | Set the state of the digital outputs |
| 0x60FF | Target speed | units/s | INT32 | CSV | Set the target speed of the motor. |

TxPDO - 0x1A02

| Object | Name | Units | Data Type | Applicable Modes of Operation | Description |
|--------|-----------------------|-------------------|-----------|-------------------------------|--|
| 0x6041 | Statusword | - | UINT16 | All | The Statusword describes the current state of the mode of operation. |
| 0x603F | Error Code | - | UINT16 | All | The actual error code currently active. |
| 0x6064 | Position Actual Value | units | INT32 | All | The value of the motor's actual position |
| 0x6077 | Torque Actual Value | 0.1% rated torque | INT16 | All | The value of the motor's actual peak torque |
| 0x606C | Speed Actual Value | units/s | INT32 | All | The value of the motor's actual speed |
| 0x60FD | Digital Inputs | - | UINT16 | All | Digital inputs status |

4.4.4 Profile Mode

This mapping is useful when profile position or profile velocity mode is used.

RxPDO - 0x1603

| Object | Name | Units | Data Type | Applicable Modes of Operation | Description |
|--------|----------------------|---------|-----------|-------------------------------|--|
| 0x6040 | Controlword | - | UINT16 | All | The Controlword is used to control the state of the mode of operation. |
| 0x60FE | Digital outputs | - | UINT16 | All | Set the state of the digital outputs |
| 0x607A | Target position | units | INT32 | CSP, PP | Set the target position of the motor |
| 0x60FF | Target speed | units/s | INT32 | CSV, PV | Set the target speed of the motor. |
| 0x6081 | Profile velocity | - | UINT32 | PP | Set the required mode of operation |
| 0x6083 | Profile acceleration | | UINT32 | PP, PV | |

TxPDO - 0x1A03

| Object | Name | Units | Data Type | Applicable Modes of Operation | Description |
|--------|-----------------------|-------------------|-----------|-------------------------------|--|
| 0x6041 | Statusword | - | UINT16 | All | The Statusword describes the current state of the mode of operation. |
| 0x603F | Error Code | - | UINT16 | All | The actual error code currently active. |
| 0x6064 | Position Actual Value | units | INT32 | All | The value of the motor's actual position |
| 0x606C | Speed Actual Value | units/s | INT32 | All | The value of the motor's actual speed |
| 0x6077 | Torque Actual Value | 0.1% rated torque | INT16 | All | The value of the motor's actual peak torque |
| 0x60FD | Digital Inputs | - | UINT16 | All | Digital inputs status |
| 0x2301 | Temperature | °C | INT16 | All | The actual motor temperature in °C. |
| 0x6079 | DC Voltage | 0.1VDC | INT16 | All | The actual DC 24V DC bus voltage |

5 Wiring and LED Information

5.1 Overview

The following diagram shows an overview of all connectors and LEDs.

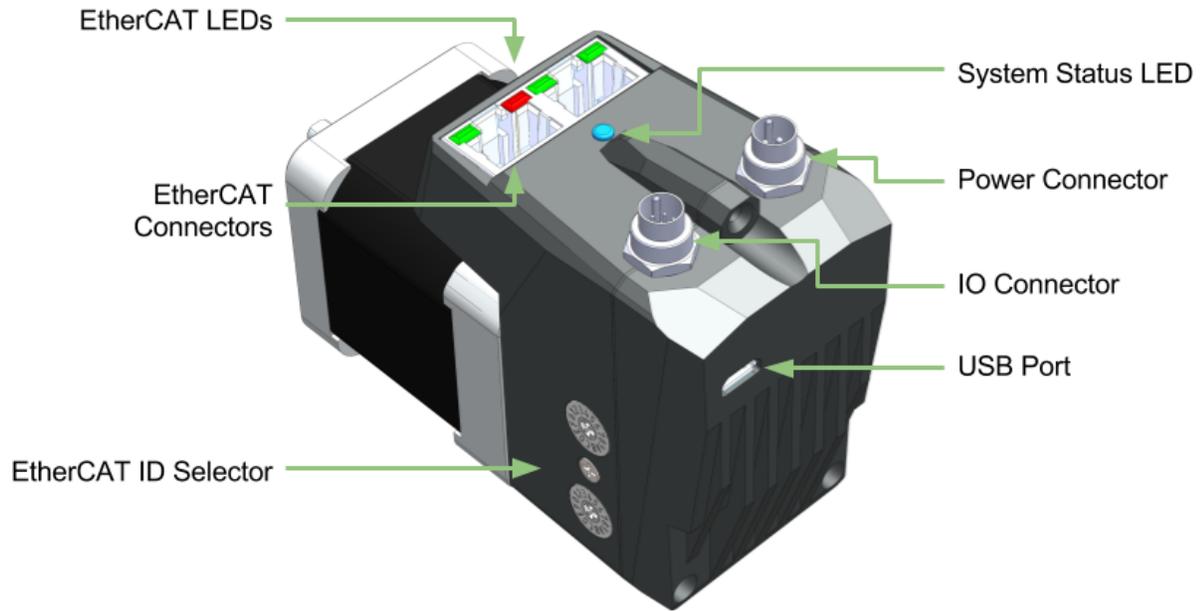
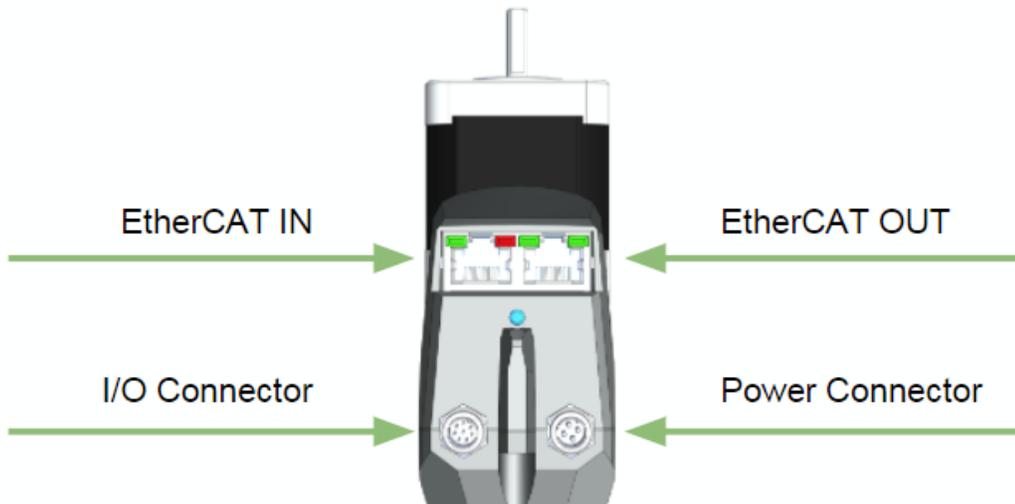


Figure: Overview of Connections and status LEDs

5.2 Motor Connections

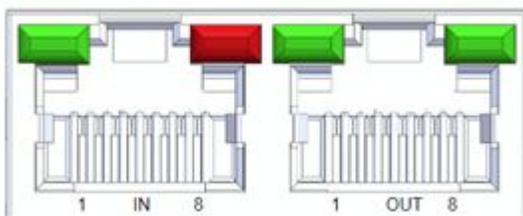


5.2.1 EtherCAT Connectors

The EtherCAT ports use standard Ethernet RJ45 CAT5e, M8-A or M8-D connectors depending on the motor variant. They are labeled IN and OUT as per the EtherCAT standard.

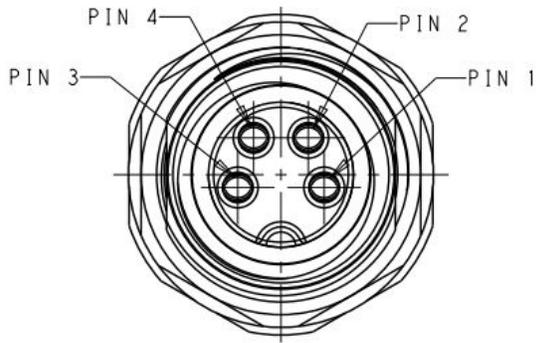
Connector Options

- RJ45



2 Amphenol - RJHSE538B0

- M8-A Female



3 TE Connectivity - T4041017041-000

Pinout

| | RJ45⁽¹⁾ | M8-A |
|------------|---------------------------|-------------|
| Tx+ | 1 | 1 |
| Rx+ | 3 | 2 |
| Rx- | 6 | 3 |
| Tx- | 2 | 4 |

(1) Pins 4,5,7 and 8 are connected to GND.

Example Cables

All ethernet cables are standard pinouts and are available from a variety of online suppliers or cable houses. Here are a few example cables from the Phoenix Contact NBC series

| Image | Part Number | Description | Digikey Link |
|---|--------------------|--|-----------------------------------|
|  | 1407353 | M8-A male to RJ45 Phoenix Contact - 1407353 | Digikey - 1407353 |

| Image | Part Number | Description | Digikey Link |
|---|-------------|--|-----------------------------------|
|  | 1407349 | M8-A male to M8A male Phoenix Contact - 1407349 | Digikey - 1407349 |
|  | 1227562 | RJ45 to RJ45 Phoenix Contact - 1227562 | Digikey - 1227562 |

5.2.2 Power Connector

The power connector supplies 24V to the EtherCAT slave and the motor separately. These two can be tied together so both are off the same power supply.

The power connector is an M9 circular connector from Binder. The relevant parts numbers are

| Connector | Part Number | Supplier |
|------------------------------------|----------------|----------|
| Motor connector | 09 0081 20 04 | Binder |
| Female cable side mating connector | 99 0080 102 04 | Binder |
| 4m power cable | CM1M9-4F-4000 | Myostat |

- The CM1M9-4F-4000 is 24AWG with conductor resistance of 97.5Ω/km
 - The HF version with EXT-3D cable has a resistance of 91.1Ω/km



| Pin # | Description | Voltage | Current |
|------------|--------------------------------|----------|--|
| 1 - yellow | EtherCAT + Motor Control Power | 24V ±10% | 125mA max |
| 2 - white | 0V | - | |
| 3 - grey | 0V | - | |
| 4 - orange | Motor Drive Power | 24V ±10% | See individual motor ratings |

Colors indicated are for the standard **CM1M9-4F-4000** power cable.

- NOTE: There is no reverse polarity protection. Ensure the 24V power is connected correctly before powering the unit.
- Maintaining EtherCAT power and switching off motor drive power will
 - retain motor position
 - remove any ability for the motor to be driven (as power to the motor drive has been removed).

5.2.3 I/O Connector

- Connecting a digital input to GND will produce a logical high on the device.
- All digital inputs can be monitored by the EtherCAT master.
- Inputs 2 and 3 are also connected to the motor controller. This allows them to function as inputs for embedded home routines as well as any standard CML programming when in CML mode
- The analog input is referenced by the motor and available in CML mode
- Output 1 is controller by the EtherCAT slave controller. It is switched on and off by the EtherCAT master
- Output 2 can be programmed as a standard motor output and cannot be controller directly by the EtherCAT master.



| Connector | Part Number | Supplier |
|------------------------------------|----------------|----------|
| Motor connector | 09 0481 22 08 | Binder |
| Female cable side mating connector | 99 0480 102 08 | Binder |
| 4m I/O cable | CM1M9-8F-4000 | Myostat |

| Pin # | Name | EtherCAT Function | Motor Function | Specifications | | | |
|---|------|-------------------|-----------------|--------------------|------------|------------|-------------|
| <i>Digital Inputs - Sourcing (supply 0V to trigger)</i> | | | | Parameter | Min | Max | Unit |
| 1 - orange | IN1 | Digital input 1 | - | Voltage Range | 0 | 36 | V |
| 2 - brown | IN2 | Digital input 2 | Digital input 2 | Input ON level | 0 | 1.4 | V |
| 3 - green | IN3 | Digital input 3 | Digital input 3 | Input OFF level | 1.4 | 36 | V |
| 4 - yellow | IN4 | Digital input 4 | - | Continuous Current | - | 30 | mA |
| | | | | Peak Current | - | 0.5 | A |
| | | | | Pulse Width | - | 1 | ms |
| <i>Analog Input (0-5V)</i> | | | | Parameter | Min | Max | Unit |

| Pin # | Name | EtherCAT Function | Motor Function | Specifications | | | | |
|---|-------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|---------------------------------|------------|-------------|---|
| 5 - purple | A-IN5 | - | Analog input 4 | Voltage Range | 0 | 5 | V | |
| | | | | Resolution | 10 bit | | | |
| <i>Digital Outputs - Sinking (output supplies 0V when asserted)</i> | | | | Parameter | Min | Max | Unit | |
| 6 - blue 7 - black | OUT1 | Digital output 1 - | - | Voltage Range | 0 | - | V | |
| | OUT2 | | | Output 2 | Continuous Current | - | 1 | A |
| | | | | | Inductive Load Peak Rev Current | - | 0.2 | A |
| | | | | | Inductive Load Peak Rev Voltage | - | 70 | V |
| <i>Signal Ground (0V)</i> | | | | Parameter | Min | Max | Unit | |
| 8 - red | 0V | 0V | 0V | Voltage Range | 0 | 0 | V | |

- Colors indicated are for the standard **CM1M9-8F-4000** I/O cable.
- For custom cable length pin-out and colors see [CM1M9-8F.PDF](#)

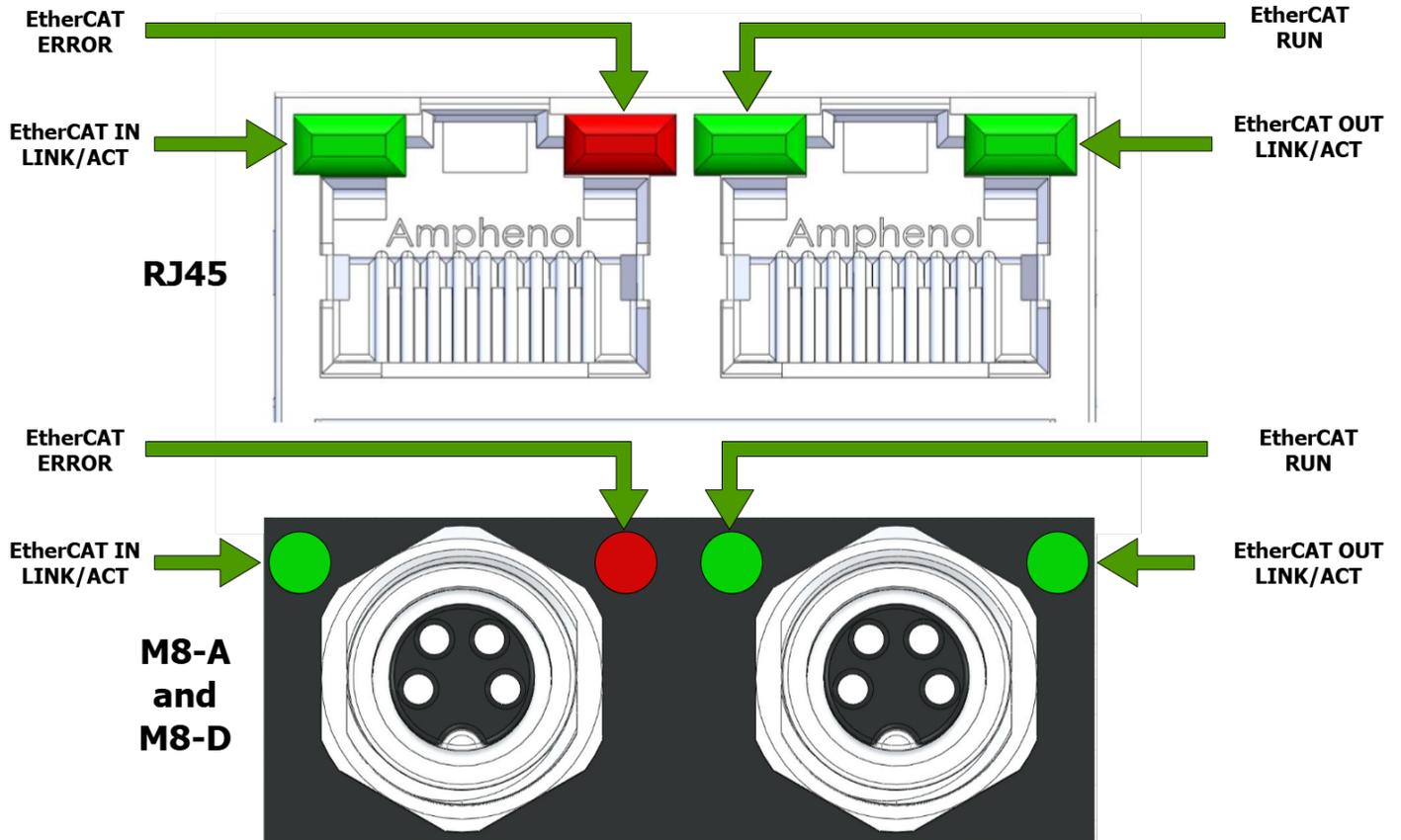
5.2.4 USB Connection

The USB connector is a standard micro USB and is used to update the EtherCAT firmware. When it is plugged into a computer it will create a virtual serial port.

5.3 LEDs

5.3.1 EtherCAT Status LEDs

An EtherCAT slave device is required to have LEDs indicating different states.



Link/Activity Indicator

There is a Link/Activity LED for both the IN and OUT EtherCAT ports. The table below describes the indicator conditions and their associated states

| Link | Activity | Condition | Link/Activity Code |
|------|----------|-------------|--------------------|
| Yes | No | Port Open | On |
| Yes | Yes | Port Open | Flickering |
| No | N/A | Port Closed | Off |

Run Indicator

The Run indicator shows the state of the EtherCAT State Machine. The indicator states are described in the table below.

| Indicator State | Slave State | Description |
|-----------------|----------------|-------------------------------|
| Off | Initialisation | The device is in state "Init" |

| Indicator State | Slave State | Description |
|-----------------|-------------------|---|
| Blinking | Pre-Operational | The device is in state "Pre-Operational" |
| Single Flash | Safe-Operational | The device is in state "Safe-Operational" |
| On | Operational | The device is in state "Operational" |
| Flickering | Init or Bootstrap | The device is booting and has not yet entered the "Init" state or, the device is in state "Bootstrap. Firmware download is in progress. |

Error Indicator

The Error indicator shall show device and EtherCAT errors. Errors are as defined in the table below.

| Error State | Error Name | Description | Example |
|--------------|---|---|--|
| On | Application controller failure | A critical communication or application error has occurred | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Over torque error Motor communication error |
| Double flash | Process Data Watchdog timeout/ EtherCAT watchdog timeout | An application watchdog timeout has occurred | Sync Manager watchdog timeout |
| Single flash | Local Error | Slave device application has changed the EtherCAT state autonomously, due to local error. | Device has changed from Op to safe-op due to EtherCAT error |
| Blinking | Invalid Configuration | General Configuration error | |
| Flickering | Booting Error | Init state reached but boot error detected | Application boot error |
| Off | No Error | Device is in working condition | |

5.3.2 System and Motor Status LED

The system status LED provides feedback to the user on overall system status. The following states exist

| LED Colour | Description |
|------------|---|
| Red | Motor Error Solid: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 24V motor drive power not present |

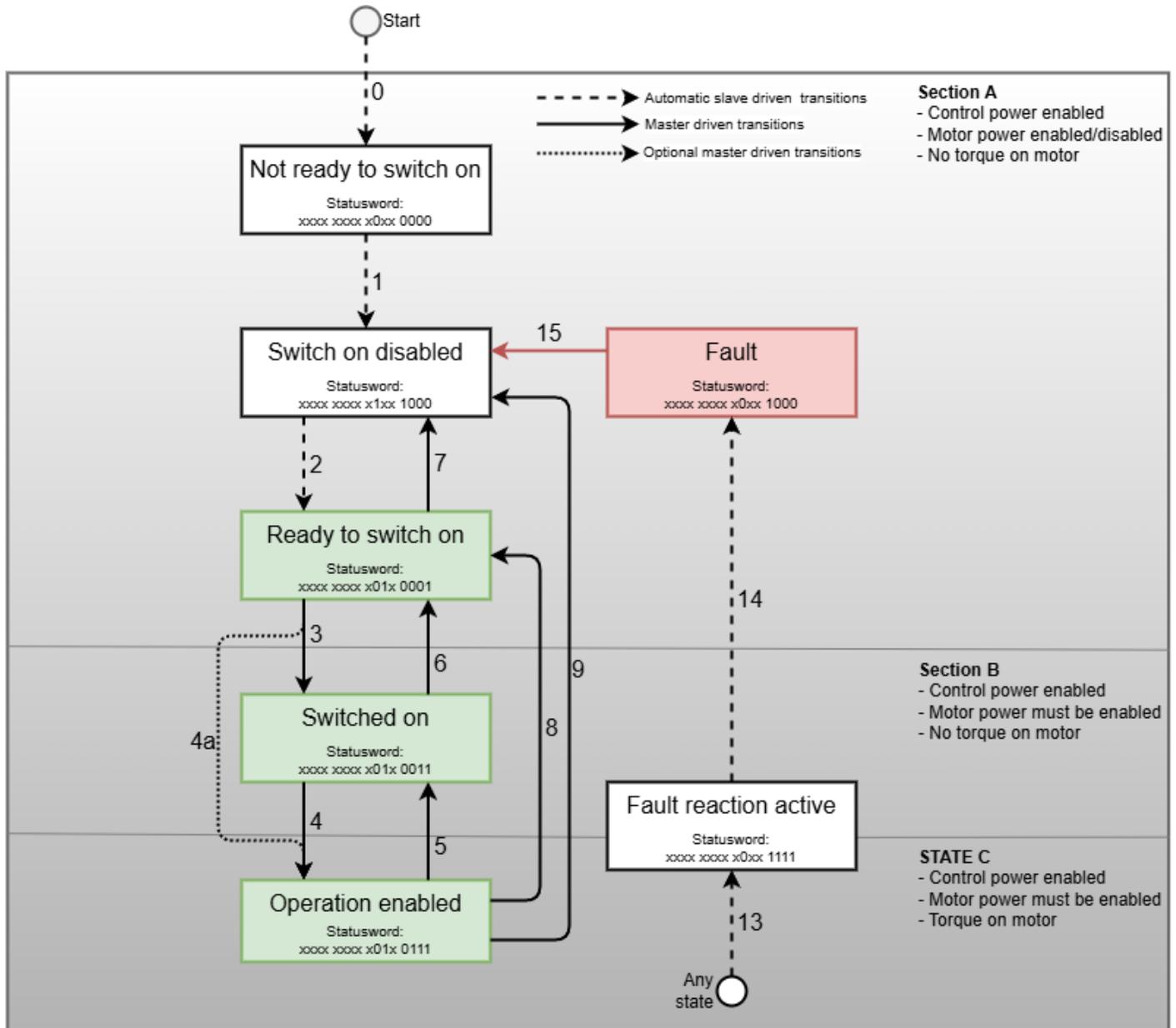
| LED Colour | Description |
|------------|--|
| | <p>Blinking</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Motor communication error <p>Flashing:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• 1 - Position error• 2 - Over speed error• 4 - Over torque error |
| Green | Solid - CiA402 Mode |

6 CiA 402 - Drives and Motion Control Device Profile

6.1 Controlling the Power Drive System

6.1.1 State Machine

The drive state machine is controlled by the Controlword (0x6040) and the status is viewed by the Statusword (0x6041). The state machine can be operated as shown below



There are a few things to note when using the state machine

- When the mode of operation is set to any CiA402 mode the state machine automatically transitions to "Ready to switch on".
- When the transitioning out of "Fault" the state machine automatically transitions to "Ready to switch on".
- Section A
 - no torque is present on the motor in Section A regardless of if motor power is present
- Section B
 - motor power must be present to transition to "Switched on".
 - If motor power is switched off or not present a fault will occur.
 - no torque is present on the motor in Section B.
- Section C
 - If motor power is switched off or not present a fault will occur.
 - Torque is present on the motor in Section C.
 - It is possible for the master to transition straight to "Operation enabled".
- See the Controlword description for additional information on state transitions 1-15.

6.1.2 Controlword (0x6040)

The Controlword is used to transition between and set the required states in the state machine.

The Controlword bits are defined as follows:

| Bit | Name | Abbreviation |
|-------|-------------------------|--------------|
| 0 | Switch on | SO |
| 1 | Enable voltage | EV |
| 2 | Quick stop | QS |
| 3 | Enable operation | EO |
| 4-6 | Operation mode specific | OMS |
| 7 | Fault reset | F |
| 8 | Halt | H |
| 9 | Operation mode specific | OMS |
| 10 | Reserved | R |
| 11-15 | Manufacturer specific | MS |

- The drive does not support the Quick stop bit and shall be ignored if set to 0.

The following bits are required when transitioning between states:

| Transition | | Value (h) | BITS | | | | | | |
|------------|--------------------------------|-----------|------|------|------|------|-------|-----|----------|
| | | | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4-6 | 7 | 8-15 |
| | | | (SO) | (EV) | (QS) | (EO) | (OMS) | (F) | |
| 15 | Fault → Ready to switch on | 0x86 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | xxx | 1 | XXXXXXXX |
| 8/9/0 | Non fault → Ready to switch on | 0x06 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | xxx | 0 | XXXXXXXX |
| 3/5 | → Switched on ⁽¹⁾ | 0x07 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | xxx | 0 | XXXXXXXX |
| 4/4a | → Operation enabled | 0x0F/0x1F | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | xxx | 0 | XXXXXXXX |

⁽¹⁾ The switched on state is often bypassed by the master.

6.1.3 Statusword (0x6041)

The statusword has the following defined bits

| 15 | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|----|----|-----|----|-----|----|----|----|---|-----|----|----|---|----|----|------|
| ms | | oms | | ila | tr | rm | ms | w | sod | qs | ve | f | oe | so | rtso |

Definitions

- ms = manufacture specific
- oms = operation mode specific
- ila = internal limit active
- tr = target reached
- rm = remote
- w = warning
- sod = switch on disabled
- qs = quick stop
- ve = voltage enabled
- f = fault
- oe = operation enabled
- so = switched on
- rtso = ready to switch on

FSA States

The Statusword indicates the current state of the drive state machine. The following table outlines the Statusword bits and the represented state

| State | Statusword Bits | Functional Meaning |
|------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Not ready to switch on | xxxx xxxx x0xx 0000 | No CiA mode of operation selected |

| State | Statusword Bits | Functional Meaning |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------|--|
| Switch on disabled ⁽¹⁾ | xxxx xxxx x100 0000 | No motor torque - drive disabled |
| Ready to switch on | xxxx xxxx x01x 0001 | No motor torque - drive disabled |
| Switched on | xxxx xxxx x01x 0011 | No motor torque - drive disabled |
| Operation Enabled | xxxx xxxx x01x 0111 | Motor has torque - drive enabled |
| Fault reaction active ⁽¹⁾ | xxxx xxxx x0xx 1111 | Motor is losing torque - drive disabling |
| Fault | xxxx xxxx x0xx 1000 | No motor torque - drive disabled |
| Quick stop active ⁽²⁾ | xxxx xxxx x00x 0111 | Not implemented |

⁽¹⁾ these states are automatically transitioned through

⁽²⁾ quick stop active is not currently implemented

Voltage Enabled - Bit4

The CM1-E has separate control and motor power. The 24V motor power status can be read through bit 4 on the statusword.

- bit4=1 - 24V motor drive power is detected.
- bit4=0 - motor drive power is not detected.

The voltage DC value is also available on object 0x6079 (DC link voltage).

6.2 Modes of Operation

CiA402 defines modes of operation. This allows the user to use the drive in a mode that is most suited to the application.

Modes of operation object list

| Index | Name | Function |
|--------|----------------------------|---|
| 0x6060 | Modes of operation | Write the required mode of operation |
| 0x6061 | Modes of operation display | Read the current mode of operation set on the drive |

The following modes of operation are available on the drive

| Mode of operation | Abbreviation | 0x6060 value |
|-----------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Profile Position mode | PP mode | 1 |
| Profile Velocity mode | PV mode | 3 |

| Mode of operation | Abbreviation | 0x6060 value |
|----------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Homing Mode | HM mode | 6 |
| Cyclic Synchronous Position mode | CSP mode | 8 |
| Cyclic Synchronous Velocity mode | CSV mode | 9 |

6.2.1 Switching between modes

The drive is designed for dynamic switching between modes of operation. The "Modes of operation" and "Modes of operation display" are available in the RxPDO and TxPDO respectively. This allows the user to switch modes of operation without changing the ESM out of Operational. It is recommended the motor is put into a safe known state before switching modes. The master should send PDO data to the current mode of operation and the desired mode while switching modes. This should be continued until the "Modes of operation display" indicates the new mode has been set.

6.2.2 Profile Position Mode

Profile position mode provides an effective way to run the motor in position mode with very little overhead on the Ethercat master. The EtherCAT master sets the required acceleration, velocity and position before issuing the run command/bit. Single set-point is implemented which means the master can change the target position, speed and acceleration at any point by updating the values and issuing a new run bit. If the drive is required to continuously update position it is recommended that CSP mode is used instead. The Profile mode PDO mapping or the Dynamic Switching of Modes PDO mapping should be selected to effectively run Profile Position mode. See [PDO Mappings](#) for more information.

The following objects are used in Profile Position mode

| Object | Name | Value | Unit | Description | PDO Mapped |
|--------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------|--|------------|
| 0x6040 | Controlword | - | - | See Controlword for general usage. | Yes |
| 0x6041 | Statusword | - | - | See Statusword for general usage. | Yes |
| 0x6060 | Modes of operation | 1 | - | Sets the mode to Profile Position mode | Yes |
| 0x607A | Target Position | -2^{32} to $+2^{31}$ | pulses | Sets the target position. | Yes |
| 0x6081 | Profile velocity | See Peak Speeds | pulses/s | Sets the target velocity of the profile. | Yes |
| 0x6083 | Profile acceleration ⁽¹⁾ | 0 - 32767 | pulses/s ² | Sets the profile acceleration. The deceleration uses the same value. | Yes |

⁽¹⁾ The acceleration used internally in the drive has a unit of 1000 pulses/s². As such the value is 0x6083 is rounded to the nearest 1000. If the value is less than 1000 the value of 1000 used.

Use of Controlword and Statusword

The Controlword and Statusword use some additional mode specific bits in Profile Position mode.

Controlword

The following tables show the controlword usage.

| 15-10 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3-0 |
|---------------------------------|---------------------|------|---------------------------------|---------|------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|
| See Controlword | Change on set-point | Halt | See Controlword | abs/rel | Change set immediately | New set-point | See Controlword |

| Bit | Name | Value | Definition |
|-----|------------------------|---------|--|
| 4 | New set-point | 0 → 1 | Next positioning shall be started immediately. |
| 5 | Change set immediately | 1 - N/A | Bit 5 will always be considered a 1 and will be ignored. Change set immediately is always executed |
| 6 | abs/rel | N/A | Absolute positioning is always executed. This bit shall be ignored |
| 8 | Halt | 0 | Positioning shall be executed or continued |
| | | 1 | The axis shall be stopped using the deceleration value in 0x6083 |
| 9 | Change on set-point | N/A | Single set point mode is always executed. Bit9 is ignored. |

Statusword

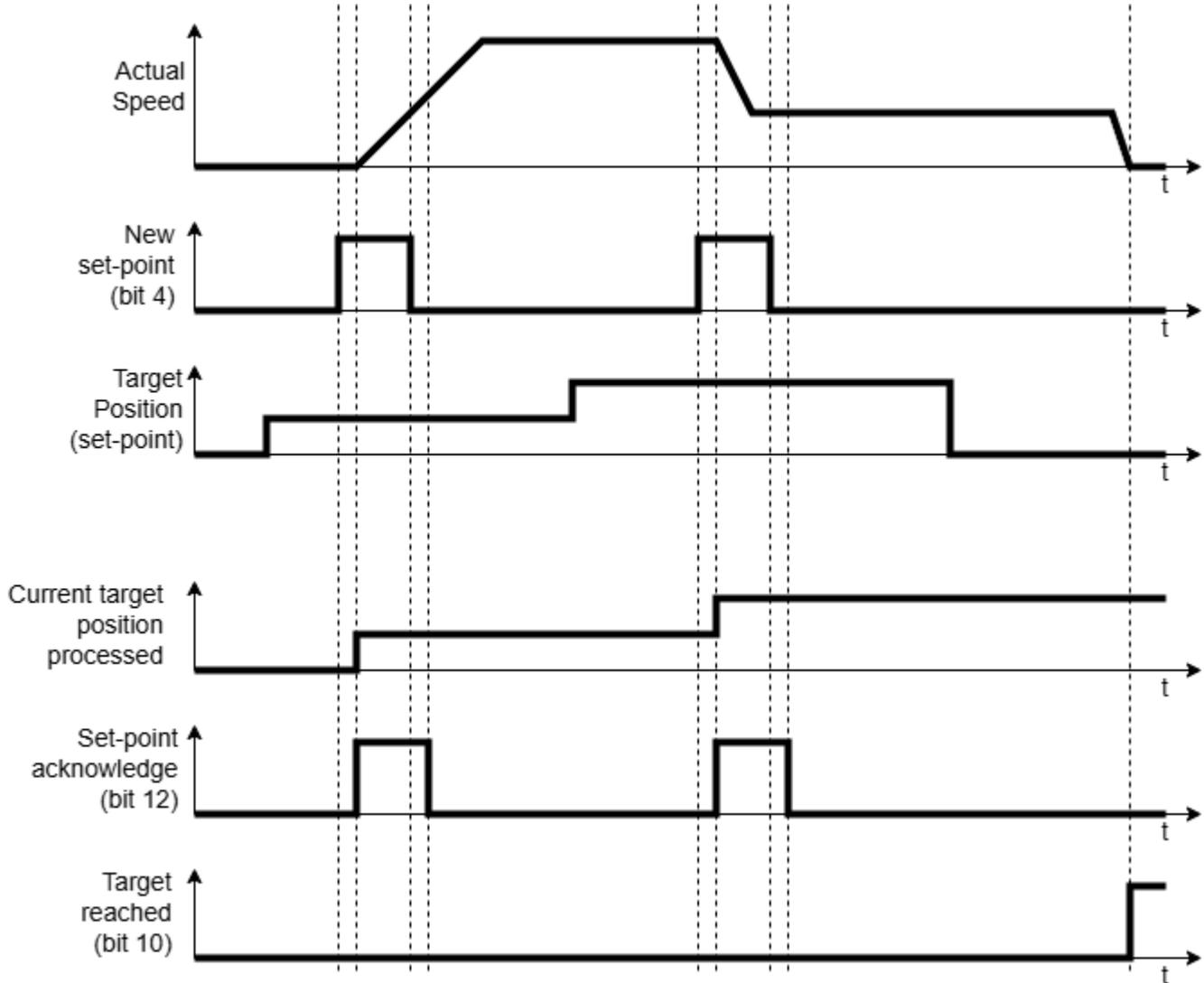
The following tables show the statusword usage.

| 15 | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9-0 |
|--------------------------------|----|-----------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------|----------------|--------------------------------|
| See Statusword | | Following Error | Set-point acknowledge | See Statusword | Target reached | See Statusword |

| Bit | Value | Definition |
|-----|-------|--|
| 10 | 0 | Halt (Bit 8 in controlword) = 0: Target position not reached Halt (Bit 8 in controlword) = 1: Axis decelerating |

| Bit | Value | Definition |
|-----|-------|--|
| | 1 | Halt (Bit 8 in controlword) = 0: Target position reached Halt (Bit 8 in controlword) = 1: Velocity of axis is 0 |
| 12 | 0 | Waiting for new setpoint |
| | 1 | Set point has been processed. |
| 13 | 0 | No following error. The drive is able to follow the commanded trajectory |
| | 1 | Following error. The drive cannot follow the commanded trajectory. |

Single set-point handshaking procedure



Use of acceleration and deceleration value

The deceleration value is always set to the acceleration value.

The acceleration used internally in the drive has a unit of 1000 pulses/s². As such the value is 0x6083 is rounded to the nearest 1000. If the value is less than 1000 the value of 1000 used.

6.2.3 Profile Velocity Mode

Profile Velocity mode provides an effective way to run the motor in velocity mode with very little overhead on the Ethercat master. The EtherCAT master sets the required acceleration, deceleration and then issues the target velocity. The drive will ramp up to the target velocity.

The following objects are used in Velocity Profile mode

| Object | Name | Value | Unit | Description | PDO Mapped |
|--------|----------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------|--|------------|
| 0x6040 | Controlword | - | - | See Controlword for general usage. | Yes |
| 0x6041 | Statusword | - | - | See Statusword for general usage. | Yes |
| 0x6060 | Modes of operation | 3 | - | Sets the mode to Profile Velocity mode | Yes |
| 0x60FF | Target speed | See Peak Speeds | pulses/s | Sets the target speed | Yes |
| 0x6083 | Profile Acceleration | 0-32767 | Kpulses/s ² | Profile Acceleration | No |
| 0x6084 | Profile Deceleration | 0-32767 | Kpulses/s ² | Profile Deceleration | No |

Use of Controlword and Statusword

The Controlword and Statusword use some additional mode specific bits in Profile velocity mode.

The Controlword Bit8 is used as a Halt bit.

| Bit | Value | Definition |
|-----|-------|--|
| 8 | 0 | The motion shall be executed or continued |
| | 1 | The axis shall be stopped using the deceleration value in 0x6084 |

The Statusword implements 2 additional bits to indicate if the target velocity is reached and/or if the current velocity is 0.

| Bit | Value | Definition |
|-----|-------|---|
| 10 | 0 | Halt (Bit 8 in controlword) = 0: Target not reached Halt (Bit 8 in controlword) = 1: Axis decelerating |
| | 1 | Halt (Bit 8 in controlword) = 0: Target reached Halt (Bit 8 in controlword) = 1: Velocity of axis is 0 |
| 12 | 0 | Speed is not equal to 0 |
| | 1 | Speed is equal to 0 |

Use of acceleration and deceleration value

The deceleration value is only used when the target velocity is set to 0 or the halt bit is set. For all other changes in velocity the acceleration value is used.

6.2.4 Homing Mode

Homing mode can be used to utilize the drives embedded homing routines. These routines allow accurate homing to be achieved without the delays communicating to the controller. The standard Cool Muscle home routines are accessible through the homing modes object. Homing mode does not require any specialized PDO mappings and can be used with any of the standard mappings. See [EtherCAT Overview](#) for more information.

The following objects are used in Homing mode

| Object | Name | Value | Unit | Description | PDO Mapped |
|-----------|---------------------|----------------------|---|---|------------|
| 0x6040 | Controlword | - | - | See Controlword for general usage. | Yes |
| 0x6041 | Statusword | - | - | See Statusword for general usage. | Yes |
| 0x6060 | Modes of operation | 6 | - | Sets the mode to Homing mode | Yes |
| 0x607C | Home Offset | -3276700 to +3276700 | encoder pulses (50 000 per motor revolution) | Once a home sensor or hardstop has been achieved the motor will move the distance of the offset. The final position will be set to 0. This value is written to an internal motor register which has a resolution of 100 pulses. As such the value written into 0x607C will be rounded to the nearest 100 internally. | No |
| 0x6098 | Homing Method | 0 to -6 | - | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: No home routine selected • -1: Hardstop CW • -2: Hardstop CCW • -3: Input 2 sensor CW • -4: Input 2 sensor CCW • -5: Input 3 sensor CW • -6: Input 3 sensor CCW See Homing Methods for additional information | No |
| 0x6099:01 | Homing Speed | 1000 - 500000 | pulses/s | The homing speed is written to an internal register which has a unit of 100 pulses/s. The value written into 0x6099 will be rounded to the closest 100. | No |
| 0x609A | Homing Acceleration | 1000-5000000 | pulse/s ² | The homing acceleration is written to an internal register which has a unit of 1000 | No |

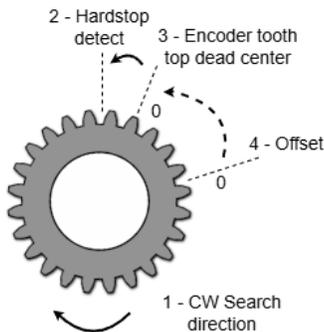
| Object | Name | Value | Unit | Description | PDO Mapped |
|---------------|------------------|--------|-------------------|--|------------|
| | | | | pulses/s. The value written into 0x609A will be rounded to the closest 1000. | |
| 0x60F6:1 B | Homing Torque | 10-100 | % rated torque | Set the torque during the home routine. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. When homing to a hardstop this value will indicate the limit at which the hardstop is reached 2. When homing to a switch this value will limit the torque during the home routine. | No |

Homing Methods

Two distinct methods are available when executing a home routine.

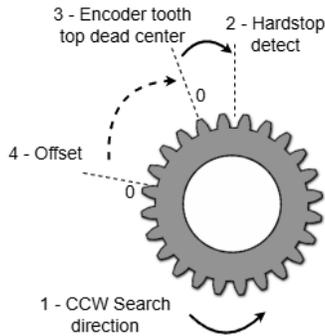
1. Hardstop detect - the motor moves towards a hardstop. When the hardstop is reached the driver reads the position of the magnetic encoder. It then moves back 2 teeth of the encoder gear to set the absolute position. Moving back the two teeth allows for high repeatability as fatigue and variance in the hardstop detect can be accounted for automatically.
2. Sensor detect - the motor moves towards a home sensor. When the sensor is triggered the driver interrupt captures the motor position. The motor decelerates and moves back to the captured position.
 - a. If the sensor is detect when the home routine is first initiated the motor will move off the sensor first in the opposite direction to the defined origin search direction.

Hardstop CW - 0x6098=-1



1. Motor runs CW towards a hardstop.
2. The driver monitors the motor current and detects when a hardstop has been reached.
3. Motor backs up CCW to the 2nd previous encoder tooth (improved repeatability) and sets the position to 0.
4. If an offset is set the motor moves the offset distance
 - a. Care should be taken not to set a +ve offset as this will move the load into the hardstop
5. Sets the final position to 0.

Hardstop CCW - 0x6098=-2

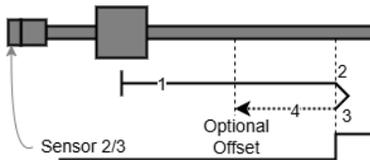


1. Motor runs CCW towards a hardstop.
2. The driver monitors the motor current and detects when a hardstop has been reached.
3. Motor backs CW up to the 2nd previous encoder tooth (improved repeatability) and sets the position to 0.
4. If an offset is set the motor moves the offset distance.
 - a. Care should be taken not to set a -ve offset as this will drive the load into the hardstop
5. Sets the final position to 0.

Sensor CW - 0x6098=-3 or -5

INPUT2 - 0x6098=-3

INPUT3 - 0x6098=-5



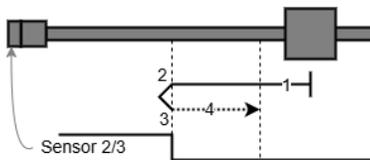
- Diagram shown with motor connected to linear actuator.
 - CW rotation moves the load left to right
- Sensor is connected directly on IN2 or IN3

1. Motor runs CW waiting for sensor input
2. Sensor rising edge triggers the input, motor captures encoder position, decelerates and reverses direction
3. Motor stops on captured position and sets position to 0
4. If an offset is defined the motor continues to the defined offset and sets the final target position to 0.
 - a. Offset could be +ve or -ve. The above diagram shows a -ve offset

Sensor CCW - 0x6098=-4 or -6

INPUT2 - 0x6098=-4

INPUT3 - 0x6098=-6



- Diagram shown with motor connected to linear actuator.
 - CCW rotation moves the load right to left

1. Motor runs CCW waiting for sensor input
2. Sensor rising edge triggers the input, motor captures encoder position, decelerates and reverses direction
3. Motor stops on captured position and sets position to 0
4. If an offset is defined the motor continues to the defined offset and sets the final target position to 0.
 - a. Offset could be +ve or -ve. The above diagram shows a +ve offset.

- Sensor is connected directly on IN2 or IN3

Use of Controlword and Statusword

The Controlword and Statusword use some additional mode specific bits in Homing mode.

Controlword

The following tables show the controlword usage.

| 15-9 | 8 | 7 | 6-5 | 4 | 3-0 |
|---------------------------------|------|---------------------------------|--------------|------------------------|---------------------------------|
| See Controlword | Halt | See Controlword | reserved (0) | Homing operation Start | See Controlword |

| Bit | Name | Value | Definition |
|-----|------------------------|-------|--|
| 4 | Homing operation start | 0 → 1 | Start or continue homing procedure |
| 8 | Halt | 0 | Enable bit 4 |
| | | 1 | The axis shall be stopped using the deceleration value in 0x609A |

Statusword

The following tables show the statusword usage.

| 15-14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9-0 |
|--------------------------------|--------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|----------------|--------------------------------|
| See Statusword | Homing Error | Homing attained | See Statusword | Target reached | See Statusword |

General Definitions

| Bit | Value | Definition |
|-----|-------|--|
| 10 | 0 | Homing procedure is in progress |
| | 1 | The motor has reached its target position or is currently disabled via the controlword |
| 12 | 0 | Homing not attained. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • This value will by default start at 0. • This value will be reset to 0 when a new home routine is started. |
| | 1 | Homing attained |

| Bit | Value | Definition |
|-----|-------|--|
| | | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> This value will be set to 1 when a home has been achieved. I.e. a hardstop has been hit or a sensor has been triggered This value will be reset to 0 when a new home routine is started This value will be reset to 0 if there is a home routine error or the home routine is aborted before the motor reaches target position |
| 13 | 0 | No home routine error |
| | 1 | Home routine error |

Bit Sequence

| Bit 13 | Bit 12 | Bit 10 | Description |
|--------|--------|--------|--|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | Homing procedure in progress |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | Homing procedure is interrupted or not started <ul style="list-style-type: none"> motor could be enabled or disabled depending on controlword |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | Homing is attained, but target is not reached <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Hardstop - hardstop has been detected. Offset not completed Sensor - sensor has been detected. Offset not completed |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | Homing procedure is completed successfully. Current position is set to 0. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Hardstop - hardstop has been detected. Offset completed Sensor - sensor has been detected. Offset completed |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | Homing error occurred, velocity is not 0 |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | Homing error occurred, velocity is 0 Occurs if any motor error occurs. |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | An error exists but a home routine has been completed. |

6.2.5 Cyclic Synchronous Position Mode

Cyclic synchronous position mode is set by setting the Modes of operation to 8. CSP mode is designed to allow the master controller full control of the position target. The 0x6064 position target shall be updated every PDO cycle. Failure to update the position target at the defined PDO interval will result in noisy and poor motion.

The following objects are used in CSP mode

| Object | Value | Unit | Description | PDO Mapped |
|--------|-------|------|---------------------------------|------------|
| 0x6040 | - | - | See Controlword | Yes |

| Object | Value | Unit | Description | PDO Mapped |
|--------|------------------------|--------|--------------------------------|------------|
| 0x6041 | - | - | See Statusword | Yes |
| 0x607A | -2^{32} to $+2^{31}$ | pulses | Target position | Yes |
| 0x6064 | -2^{32} to $+2^{31}$ | pulses | Position actual value | Yes |
| 0x6060 | 8 | - | CSP mode set | Yes |

- Additional PDO objects are available. See [PDO Mappings](#).

Use of Controlword and Statusword

No additional Controlword and Statusword bits are implemented.

6.2.6 Cyclic Synchronous Velocity Mode

Cyclic synchronous velocity mode is set by setting the Modes of operation to 9. CSV mode is designed to allow the master controller full control of the instantaneous velocity target. The 0x60FF velocity target shall be updated every PDO cycle. Failure to update the position velocity at the defined PDO time interval will result in noisy and poor motion.

The following objects are used in CSP mode

| Object | Value | Unit | Description | PDO Mapped |
|--------|---------------------------------|-----------|---------------------------------|------------|
| 0x6040 | - | - | See Controlword | Yes |
| 0x6041 | - | - | See Statusword | Yes |
| 0x60FF | See Peak Speeds | pulses/ms | Target velocity | Yes |
| 0x606C | See Peak Speeds | pulses/ms | Velocity actual value | Yes |
| 0x6060 | 9 | - | CSV mode set | Yes |

- Additional PDO objects are available. See [PDO Mappings](#).

Motor maximum speeds

| Part number | Max Speed RPM | Max 0x606C (Target velocity) |
|--------------|---------------|------------------------------|
| CM1-E-17S30D | 3000 rpm | -2,500,000 to +2,500,000 |
| CM1-E-17L30D | 3000 rpm | -2,500,000 to +2,500,000 |
| CM1-E-23S30D | 3000 rpm | -2,500,000 to +2,500,000 |
| CM1-E-23L20D | 2000 rpm | -1,666,667 to +1,666,667 |

Use of Controlword and Statusword

No additional Controlword and Statusword bits are implemented.

6.3 Motor Peak Speeds

The four supported motors have differing peak speeds. See the table below for each motors maximum speed

| Model Number | RPM | Pulses/s | Pulses/ms |
|---------------------|------------|-----------------|------------------|
| CM1-E-17S30D | 3000rpm | 2500000 | 2500 |
| CM1-E-17L30D | 3000rpm | 2500000 | 2500 |
| CM1-E-23S30D | 3000rpm | 2500000 | 2500 |
| CM1-E-23L20D | 2000rpm | 1666666 | 1666 |

7 Object Dictionary

7.1 Communication Objects

7.1.1 0x1000: Device Type

Provides information on the device type.

| Sub-index | Description | Range | Default | Type | Access | PDO Mapping |
|-----------|-------------|------------------|------------|-------|--------|-------------|
| 0x00 | Device Type | 0x00-0xFFFFFFFFh | 0x00040192 | UDINT | ro | No |

Explanation of set value

| Bits | Name | Description |
|-------|-----------------------|----------------------------|
| 0-15 | Device Profile Number | 402 (0x192): Drive Profile |
| 16-23 | Type | 04: Step motor |
| 24-31 | Mode | 0: Manufacturer specific |

7.1.2 0x1001: Error Register

Indicates the error type that occurs in the slave device. The generic error bit is set on all errors. Specific error codes can be found in object [0x603F: Error Code](#)

| Sub-index | Description | Range | Default | Type | Access | PDO Mapping |
|-----------|----------------|-----------|---------|-------|--------|-------------|
| 0x00 | Error Register | 0x00-0xFF | 0x00 | USINT | ro | No |

Definition of bits:

| Bit | Error Description |
|-----|-------------------------|
| 0 | Generic |
| 1 | Current |
| 2 | Voltage |
| 3 | Temperature |
| 4 | Communication Error |
| 5 | Device profile specific |

| Bit | Error Description |
|-----|-----------------------|
| 6 | N/A |
| 7 | Manufacturer specific |

7.1.3 0x1008: Manufacturer Device Name

Indicates the manufacturers device name

| Sub-index | Description | Range | Default | Type | Access | PDO Mapping |
|-----------|---------------------------|-------|---------|--------|--------|-------------|
| 0x00 | Manufacturers Device Name | - | "CM1-E" | STRING | ro | No |

7.1.4 0x1009: Manufacturer Hardware Version

Indicates the EtherCAT hardware version.

| Sub-index | Description | Range | Default | Type | Access | PDO Mapping |
|-----------|-------------------------------|-------|-------------|--------|--------|-------------|
| 0x00 | Manufacturer Hardware Version | - | "MYO28-02A" | STRING | ro | No |

7.1.5 0x100A: Manufacturer Software Version

Indicates the version of the EtherCAT firmware

| Sub-index | Description | Range | Default | Type | Access | PDO Mapping |
|-----------|-------------------------------|-------|---------|--------|--------|-------------|
| 0x00 | Manufacturer Software Version | - | "1.0.0" | STRING | ro | No |

7.1.6 0x1018: Identity Object

Indicates general device information

| Sub-index | Description | Range | Default | Type | Access | PDO Mapping |
|-----------|-------------------|-----------------|------------|-------|--------|-------------|
| 0x00 | Number of Entries | 0x01-0x04 | 0x04 | USINT | ro | No |
| 0x01 | Vendor ID | 0x00-0xFFFFFFFF | 0x00004441 | UDINT | ro | No |
| 0x02 | Product Code | 0x00-0xFFFFFFFF | 0x44412002 | UDINT | ro | No |
| 0x03 | Revision Number | 0x00-0xFFFFFFFF | 0x20020001 | UDINT | ro | No |

| Sub-index | Description | Range | Default | Type | Access | PDO Mapping |
|-----------|---------------|-----------------|------------|-------|--------|-------------|
| 0x04 | Serial Number | 0x00-0xFFFFFFFF | 0x00000000 | UDINT | ro | No |

7.2 PDO Mapping Objects

7.2.1 0x1600: Receive PDO mapping parameter - Dynamic switching of modes

| Sub-index | Description | Value | Access | PDO Mapping |
|-----------|---------------------------|------------|--------|-------------|
| 0x00 | Number of entries | 0x07 | ro | No |
| 0x01 | Controlword mapping | 0x60400010 | ro | No |
| 0x02 | Target position mapping | 0x607A0020 | ro | No |
| 0x03 | Target velocity mapping | 0x60FF0020 | ro | No |
| 0x04 | Digital outputs mapping | 0x60FE0010 | ro | No |
| 0x05 | Mode of operation mapping | 0x60600008 | ro | No |

7.2.2 0x1601: Receive PDO mapping parameter - CSP mode

| Sub-index | Description | Value | Access | PDO Mapping |
|-----------|-------------------------|------------|--------|-------------|
| 0x00 | Number of entries | 0x04 | ro | No |
| 0x01 | Controlword mapping | 0x60400010 | ro | No |
| 0x02 | Target position mapping | 0x607A0020 | ro | No |
| 0x03 | Digital outputs mapping | 0x60FE0010 | ro | No |

7.2.3 0x1602: Receive PDO mapping parameter - CSV mode

| Sub-index | Description | Value | Access | PDO Mapping |
|-----------|-------------------------|------------|--------|-------------|
| 0x00 | Number of entries | 0x04 | ro | No |
| 0x01 | Controlword mapping | 0x60400010 | ro | No |
| 0x02 | Target velocity mapping | 0x60FF0020 | ro | No |

| Sub-index | Description | Value | Access | PDO Mapping |
|-----------|-------------------------|------------|--------|-------------|
| 0x03 | Digital outputs mapping | 0x60FE0010 | ro | No |

7.2.4 0x1603: Receive PDO mapping parameter - Profile mode

| Sub-index | Description | Value | Access | PDO Mapping |
|-----------|------------------------------|------------|--------|-------------|
| 0x00 | Number of entries | 0x06 | ro | No |
| 0x01 | Controlword mapping | 0x60400010 | ro | No |
| 0x03 | Target Position mapping | 0x607A0020 | ro | No |
| 0x04 | Target Velocity mapping | 0x60FF0020 | ro | No |
| 0x05 | Profile Velocity mapping | 0x60810020 | ro | No |
| 0x06 | Profile Acceleration mapping | 0x60830020 | ro | No |
| 0x07 | Mode of operation mapping | 0x60600008 | ro | No |

7.2.5 0x1A00: Transmit PDO mapping parameter - Dynamic switching of modes

| Sub-index | Description | Value | Access | PDO Mapping |
|-----------|------------------------------------|------------|--------|-------------|
| 0x00 | Number of entries | 0x0B | ro | No |
| 0x01 | Statusword mapping | 0x60410010 | ro | No |
| 0x02 | Position actual value mapping | 0x60640020 | ro | No |
| 0x03 | Velocity actual value mapping | 0x606C0020 | ro | No |
| 0x04 | Torque actual value mapping | 0x60770020 | ro | No |
| 0x05 | Digital input mapping | 0x60FD0010 | ro | No |
| 0x06 | Error code mapping | 0x603F0010 | ro | No |
| 0x07 | Temperature-C mapping | 0x23010010 | ro | No |
| 0x08 | DC voltage mapping | 0x60790010 | ro | No |
| 0x09 | Modes of operation display mapping | 0x60610008 | ro | No |

7.2.6 0x1A01: Transmit PDO mapping parameter - CSP mode

| Sub-index | Description | Value | Access | PDO Mapping |
|-----------|-------------------------------|------------|--------|-------------|
| 0x00 | Number of entries | 0x07 | ro | No |
| 0x01 | Statusword mapping | 0x60410010 | ro | No |
| 0x02 | Position actual value mapping | 0x60640020 | ro | No |
| 0x03 | Velocity actual value mapping | 0x606C0020 | ro | No |
| 0x04 | Torque actual value mapping | 0x60770020 | ro | No |
| 0x05 | Digital input mapping | 0x60FD0010 | ro | No |
| 0x06 | Error code mapping | 0x603F0010 | ro | No |

7.2.7 0x1A02: Transmit PDO mapping parameter - CSV mode

| Sub-index | Description | Value | Access | PDO Mapping |
|-----------|-------------------------------|------------|--------|-------------|
| 0x00 | Number of entries | 0x07 | ro | No |
| 0x01 | Statusword mapping | 0x60410010 | ro | No |
| 0x02 | Position actual value mapping | 0x60640020 | ro | No |
| 0x03 | Velocity actual value mapping | 0x606C0020 | ro | No |
| 0x04 | Torque actual value mapping | 0x60770020 | ro | No |
| 0x05 | Digital input mapping | 0x60FD0010 | ro | No |
| 0x06 | Error code mapping | 0x603F0010 | ro | No |

7.2.8 0x1A03: Transmit PDO mapping parameter - Profile mode

| Sub-index | Description | Value | Access | PDO Mapping |
|-----------|-------------------|-------|--------|-------------|
| 0x00 | Number of entries | 0x0B | ro | No |

| Sub-index | Description | Value | Access | PDO Mapping |
|-----------|-----------------------------------|------------|--------|-------------|
| 0x01 | Statusword mapping | 0x60410010 | ro | No |
| 0x02 | Position actual value mapping | 0x60640020 | ro | No |
| 0x03 | Velocity actual value mapping | 0x606C0020 | ro | No |
| 0x04 | Torque actual value mapping | 0x60770020 | ro | No |
| 0x05 | Digital input mapping | 0x60FD0010 | ro | No |
| 0x06 | Error code mapping | 0x603F0010 | ro | No |
| 0x07 | Temperature-C mapping | 0x23010010 | ro | No |
| 0x08 | DC voltage mapping | 0x60790010 | ro | No |
| 0x09 | Mode of operation display mapping | 0x60610008 | ro | No |

7.3 CiA402 Drive Profile Objects

7.3.1 0x603F: Error Code

Indicates specific error code when an error occurs.

| Sub-index | Description | Range | Default | Type | Access | PDO Mapping |
|-----------|-------------|---------------|---------|------|--------|-------------|
| 0x00 | Error Code | 0x0000-0xFFFF | 0x0000 | UINT | ro | No |

The following table outlines the error and the relevant objects that are set.

| 0x603F Error Code | 0x1001 Error Register | 0x6041 Fault (Bit 3) | Description |
|----------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|---|
| 0x0000 | 0x00 | 0 | No error |
| 0x2310 | 0x03 | 1 | Continuous over current error (torque overload) |
| 0x4310 | 0x09 | 1 | Drive over temperature |
| 0x4502 | 0x00 | 0 | No mode selected (0x6060=0) ¹ |
| 0x7310 | 0x81 | 1 | Over speed error |

| | | | |
|---------------|------|------------------|---|
| 0x7320 | 0x81 | 1 | Position Error overflow |
| 0x7500 | 0x11 | 1 | Motor communication error |
| 0x7510 | 0x11 | 1 | Motor drive to EtherCAT slave communication error |
| 0x8611 | 0x00 | 0 | Motor not currently following commanded position ^{1,2} |
| 0xFF01 | 0x00 | 0 | Motor disabled by command ¹ |
| 0xFF04 | 0x81 | 1 | Emergency stop active |
| 0xFF05 | 0x11 | 0/1 ³ | 24V drive power not present |

1. Not an error state
2. The motor is not following because for example the FSM state is not in Operation Enabled.
3. If the FSM is in Operation Enabled the loss of 24V power will generate a fault on the statusword otherwise the fault bit will not show an error.

7.3.2 0x6040: Controlword

| Sub-index | Description | Type | Access | PDO Mapping |
|-----------|---|------|--------|-------------|
| 0x00 | Used to control the drive's state machine | UINT | rw | Yes |

For more information on the Controlword usage see the chapter [CiA 402 - Drives and Motion Control Device Profile](#)

7.3.3 0x6041: Statusword

| Sub-index | Description | Type | Access | PDO Mapping |
|-----------|--|------|--------|-------------|
| 0x00 | Displays the status of the drive's state machine | UINT | ro | Yes |

For more information on the Statusword usage see the chapter [CiA 402 - Drives and Motion Control Device Profile](#)

7.3.4 0x6060: Modes of operation

| Sub-index | Description | Type | Access | PDO Mapping |
|-----------|-----------------------------------|------|--------|-------------|
| 0x00 | Set the desired mode of operation | SINT | rw | Yes |

| Value | Mode of Operation |
|-------|--|
| 0 | No mode selected |
| 3 | Profile Velocity (PV) Mode |
| 6 | Homing Mode (HM) |
| 8 | Cyclic Synchronois Position (CSP) Mode |
| 9 | Cyclic Synchronous Velocity (CSV) Mode |

7.3.5 0x6061: Modes of operation display

| Sub-index | Description | Type | Access | PDO Mapping |
|-----------|---|------|--------|-------------|
| 0x00 | Read the mode of operation currently set on the drive | SINT | ro | Yes |

| Value | Mode of Operation |
|-------|--|
| 0 | No mode selected |
| 3 | Profile Velocity (PV) Mode |
| 8 | Cyclic Synchronois Position (CSP) Mode |
| 9 | Cyclic Synchronous Velocity (CSV) Mode |

7.3.6 0x6064: Position actual value

| Sub-index | Description | Type | Access | PDO Mapping |
|-----------|--|------|--------|-------------|
| 0x00 | Read the actual position of the motor. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Unit - pulses (50,000 pulses/revolution) | DINT | ro | Yes |

7.3.7 0x606C: Speed actual value

| Sub-index | Description | Type | Access | PDO Mapping |
|-----------|-------------------------------------|------|--------|-------------|
| 0x00 | Read the actual speed of the motor. | DINT | ro | Yes |

| Sub-index | Description | Type | Access | PDO Mapping |
|-----------|--|------|--------|-------------|
| | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Unit - pulses/millisecond (50,000 pulses/revolution) | | | |

7.3.8 0x6072: Peak torque

| Sub-index | Description | Type | Access | PDO Mapping |
|-----------|--|------|--------|-------------|
| 0x00 | Read the peak torque of the motor. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Unit - 0.1% of rated torque | UINT | ro | Yes |

7.3.9 0x6073: Motor max current

| Sub-index | Description | Type | Access | PDO Mapping |
|-----------|---|------|--------|-------------|
| 0x00 | Read the max current of the motor. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Unit - 0.1% of rated current | UINT | ro | No |

7.3.10 0x6075: Motor rated current

| Sub-index | Description | Type | Access | PDO Mapping |
|-----------|--|-------|--------|-------------|
| 0x00 | Read the rated current of the motor. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Unit - mA | UDINT | ro | No |

7.3.11 0x6076: Motor rated torque

| Sub-index | Description | Type | Access | PDO Mapping |
|-----------|--|-------|--------|-------------|
| 0x00 | Read the rated torque of the motor. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Unit - mNm | UDINT | ro | Yes |

7.3.12 0x6077: Torque actual value

| Sub-index | Description | Type | Access | PDO Mapping |
|-----------|--|------|--------|-------------|
| 0x00 | Read the actual torque of the motor. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Unit - 0.1% of rated torque | INT | ro | Yes |

7.3.13 0x6079: DC link circuit voltage

| Sub-index | Description | Type | Access | PDO Mapping |
|-----------|---|------|--------|-------------|
| 0x00 | Read the actual value of the 24V DC bus. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Unit - 0.1V | DINT | ro | Yes |

7.3.14 0x607A: Target position

| Sub-index | Description | Type | Access | PDO Mapping |
|-----------|--|------|--------|-------------|
| 0x00 | Set the target position of the motor. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Unit - pulses (50,000 pulses/revolution) Used in CSP and CML modes | DINT | rw | Yes |

7.3.15 0x607C: Home offset

| Sub-index | Description | Type | Access | PDO Mapping |
|-----------|--|------|--------|-------------|
| 0x00 | Set the offset after a home switch/hardstop has been found. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Unit - pulses (50,000 pulses/revolution) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Internally will be rounded to the closest 100. Used in homing mode | DINT | rw | No |

7.3.16 0x6081: Profile velocity

| Sub-index | Description | Type | Access | PDO Mapping |
|-----------|---|-------|--------|-------------|
| 0x00 | Set the target velocity in profile position mode <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Unit - pulses/s (50,000 pulses/revolution) Used in profile position mode | UDINT | rw | Yes |

7.3.17 0x6083: Profile acceleration

| Sub-index | Description | Type | Access | PDO Mapping |
|-----------|---|-------|--------|-------------|
| 0x00 | Set the profile acceleration. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Unit - pulses/s² (50,000 pulses/revolution) Used in profile position and profile velocity modes | UDINT | rw | Yes |

7.3.18 0x6084: Profile deceleration

| Sub-index | Description | Type | Access | PDO Mapping |
|-----------|--|-------|--------|-------------|
| 0x00 | Set the profile deceleration in profile velocity mode. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Unit - pulses/s² (50,000 pulses/revolution) Used in profile velocity mode | UDINT | rw | No |

7.3.19 0x6098: Homing method

| Sub-index | Description | Type | Access | PDO Mapping |
|-----------|--|------|--------|-------------|
| 0x00 | Set the method of the home routine. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: No home routine selected -1: Hardstop CW -2: Hardstop CCW -3: Input 2 sensor CW -4: Input 2 sensor CCW -5: Input 3 sensor CW -6: Input 3 sensor CCW | SINT | rw | No |

7.3.20 0x6099: Homing speeds

| Sub-index | Description | Type | Access | PDO Mapping |
|-----------|--|-------|--------|-------------|
| 0x00 | Highest sub-index supported | SINT | rw | No |
| 0x01 | Speed during search for switch or hardstop <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The homing speed is written to an internal register which has a unit of 100 pulses/s. | UDINT | rw | No |

| Sub-index | Description | Type | Access | PDO Mapping |
|-----------|---|-------|--------|-------------|
| | <p>The value written into 0x6099:01 will be rounded to the closest 100.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Used in homing mode | | | |
| 0x02 | <p>N/A</p> <p>Speed during search for 0 uses the same speed as search for switch/hardstop</p> | UDINT | rw | No |

7.3.21 0x609A: Homing acceleration

| Sub-index | Description | Type | Access | PDO Mapping |
|-----------|--|-------|--------|-------------|
| 0x00 | <p>Set the homing acceleration in homing mode.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Unit - pulses/s² (50,000 pulses/revolution) The homing acceleration is written to an internal register which has a unit of 1000 pulses/s. The value written into 0x609A will be rounded to the closest 1000. Used in homing mode | UDINT | rw | No |

7.3.22 0x60F6: K Parameter Settings

| Sub-index | Description | Type | Access | PDO Mapping |
|---------------------|---|-------|--------|-------------|
| 0x00 | Highest sub-index supported = 0x51 (81 _d) | USINT | rw | No |
| 0x51 ... 0x51 | <p>K parameter settings.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> See standard Cool Muscle documentation for details Typically these parameters do not need to be modified as the current profile mode changes them directly as required. | UINT | rw | No |

7.3.23 0x60FB: H Parameter Settings (Tuning Parameters)

| Sub-index | Description | Type | Access | PDO Mapping |
|-----------|-------------------|------|--------|-------------|
| 0x00 | Number of entries | UINT | ro | No |

| Sub-index | Description | Type | Access | PDO Mapping |
|-----------|-------------|------|--------|-------------|
| 0x01 | H0 | INT | rw | No |
| 0x02 | H1 | INT | rw | No |
| 0x03 | H2 | INT | rw | No |
| 0x04 | H3 | INT | rw | No |
| 0x05 | H4 | INT | rw | No |
| 0x06 | H5 | INT | rw | No |
| 0x07 | H6 | INT | rw | No |
| 0x08 | H7 | INT | rw | No |
| 0x09 | H8 | INT | rw | No |

- The H parameters are stored in non-volatile memory in the drive. The value will be retained on power down and do not need to be reloaded after a power cycle.
- Information on the H infinity parameters can be found in the [RT3 user manual - Motor Tuning](#).

7.3.24 0x60FD: Digital inputs

| Sub-index | Description | Type | Access | PDO Mapping |
|-----------|-------------------------------|------|--------|-------------|
| 0x00 | Read the status of the inputs | UINT | ro | Yes |

| Bit | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|-------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| INPUT | - | - | - | - | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |

7.3.25 0x60FE: Digital outputs

| Sub-index | Description | Type | Access | PDO Mapping |
|-----------|------------------------|------|--------|-------------|
| 0x00 | Set the digital output | UINT | rw | Yes |

| Bit | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|--------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|------|
| OUTPUT | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | OUT1 |

- Output 1 is driven by 0x60FD
- Output 2 is driven by the motor driver depending on the K34 value. See [K Parameters](#) for additional information.

Example

- Set K34=20 for alarm output
- Set K34=10 for inposition signal output.

7.3.26 0x60FF: Target velocity

| Sub-index | Description | Type | Access | PDO Mapping |
|-----------|--|------|--------|-------------|
| 0x00 | Set the target velocity of the motor. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Unit - pulses/ms (50,000 pulses/revolution) • Used in CSV, PV and CML modes | DINT | rw | Yes |

7.3.27 0x6502: Supported drive modes

| Sub-index | Description | Type | Access | PDO Mapping |
|-----------|--|-------|--------|-------------|
| 0x00 | Shows support drive modes Value = 0x1A5 <i>Bit0 = 1: PP mode</i> <i>Bit1 = 0: VL mode</i> <i>Bit2 = 1: PV mode</i> <i>Bit3 = 0: TQ mode</i> <i>Bit4 = 0: reserved</i> <i>Bit5 = 1: HM mode</i> <i>Bit6 = 0: IP mode</i> <i>Bit7 = 1: CSP mode</i> <i>Bit8 = 1: CSV mode</i> <i>Bit9 = 0: CST mode</i> | UDINT | ro | No |

7.4 Manufacturer Specific Objects

7.4.1 0x2201: 32bit User Variables

This object contains 4 volatile variables. Variable1 in addition has BIT15 and BIT14 mapped to the manufacturer specific bits, B15 and B14, on the Statusword (0x6041).

An example of usage would be if the application requires a custom home routine. These bit could be set as a flag to indicate the home routine has been completed. Due to the volatile nature of the variables if a reset occurs on the drive the flag bit would be reset.

| Sub-index | Description | Type | Access | PDO Mapping |
|-----------|-------------------|------|--------|--|
| 0x00 | Number of entries | UINT | ro | No |
| 0x01 | Variable1 | DINT | rw | BIT15 and B14 are mapped to the Statusword 0x6041 BIT15 and B14. |
| 0x02 | Variable2 | DINT | rw | No |
| 0x03 | Variable3 | DINT | rw | No |
| 0x04 | Variable4 | DINT | rw | No |

7.4.2 0x2301: Drive temperature

| Sub-index | Description | Type | Access | PDO Mapping |
|-----------|---|------|--------|-------------|
| 0x00 | Read the drive temperature <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Unit - degrees C | INT | ro | Yes |

7.4.3 0xFE00: PDO Timing

The PDO time is autodetected by the slave. The detected time can be read in 0xFE00.

Only PDO rates of 200µs, 250µs, 500µs and 1000µs (1ms) are accepted by the CM1-E.

| Sub-index | Description | Type | Access | PDO Mapping |
|-----------|-------------------|------|--------|-------------|
| 0x00 | Number of entries | UINT | ro | No |
| 0x01 | PDO Time in µs | UINT | ro | No |
| 0x02 | N/A | UINT | ro | No |
| 0x03 | N/A | UINT | ro | No |
| 0x04 | N/A | UINT | ro | No |

7.4.4 0xFF00: Status LED brightness

| Sub-index | Description | Type | Access | PDO Mapping |
|-----------|---|------|--------|-------------|
| 0x00 | Set the brightness of the system and motor status LED . This is a non-volatile object that is stored in memory. | SINT | rw | No |

| Sub-index | Description | Type | Access | PDO Mapping |
|-----------|--|------|--------|-------------|
| | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Range [0,16] • 0 - OFF • 1 - minimum brightness (default) • 16 - maximum brightness | | | |

7.4.5 0xFF01: Status LED Override

| Sub-index | Description | Type | Access | PDO Mapping |
|-----------|--|-------|--------|-------------|
| 0x00 | <p>Override the status LED colour and flash.</p> <p>This allows the user to use the status LED to indicate custom operations such as identify a motor in a large axes application.</p> | UDINT | rw | No |

Byte Description

| | Byte3 | Byte2 | Byte1 | Byte0 |
|-------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| Description | Red LED on/off | Green LED on/off | Blue LED on/off | Override on/off Bit 0 - override on/off Bit 1 - flash on/off |
| Values | 0x00 - Red OFF 0x01 - Red ON | 0x00 - Green OFF 0x01 - Green ON | 0x00 - Blue OFF 0x01 - Blue ON | 0x00 - No override 0x01 - Override with solid colour defined in bytes 3-1 0x03 - Override with flash colour defined in bytes 3-1 |

Example Values

- 0xFF01 = 0x01010101 - LED will turn solid white
- 0xFF01 = 0x01000003 - LED will flash red

7.5 Accessing the Objects in TwinCAT3

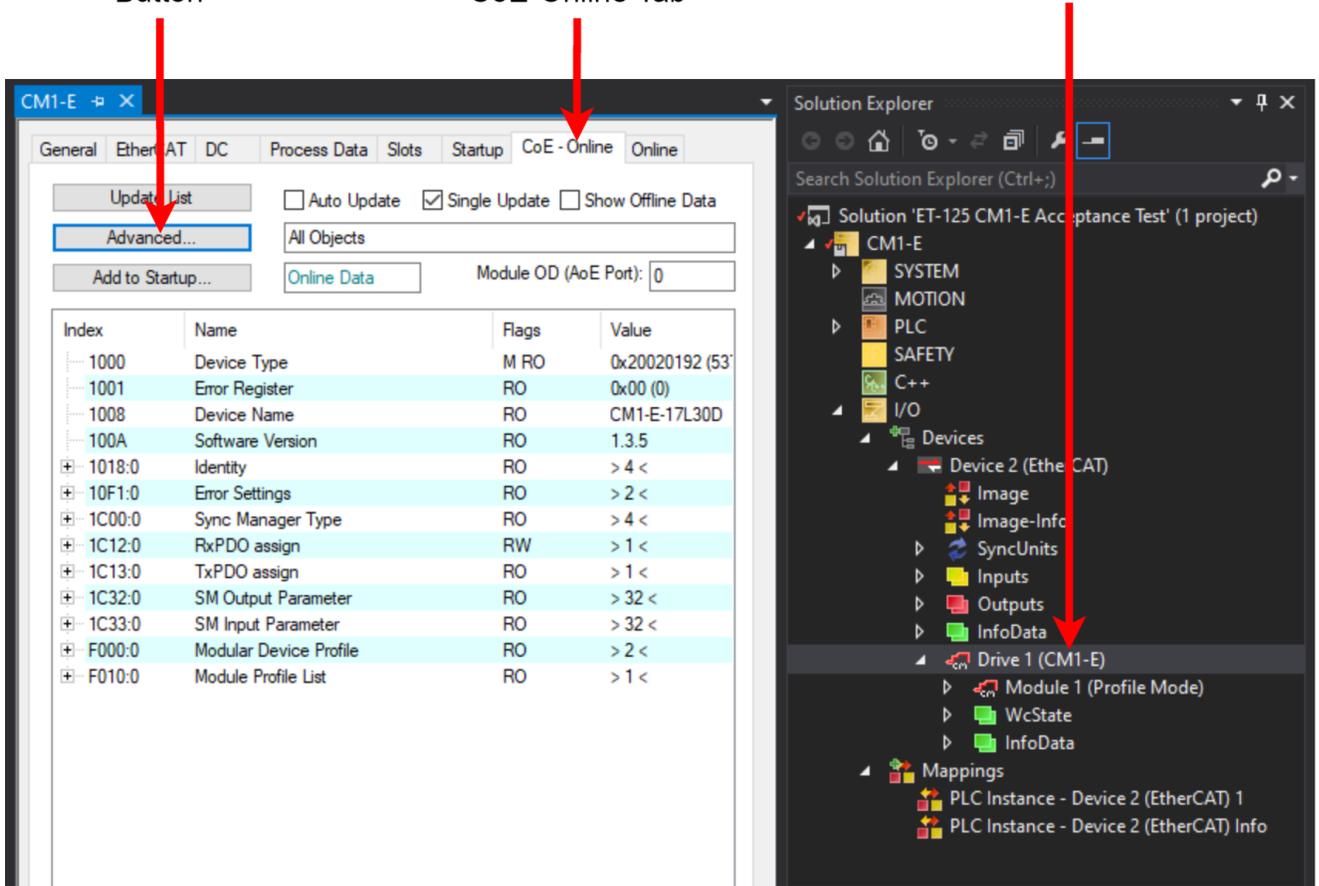
The following instructions show how to read/write the objects in TwinCAT3 through the online object dictionary. It assumes a CM1-E drive has already been added.

1. In the Solution Explorer select the CM1-E drive
2. Select the CoE-Online tab. Only the objects listed in the EDS are currently listed.
3. Click the Advanced button to enable reading all objects.

3. Click the Advanced Button

2. Select the CoE-Online Tab

1. Select the CM1-E

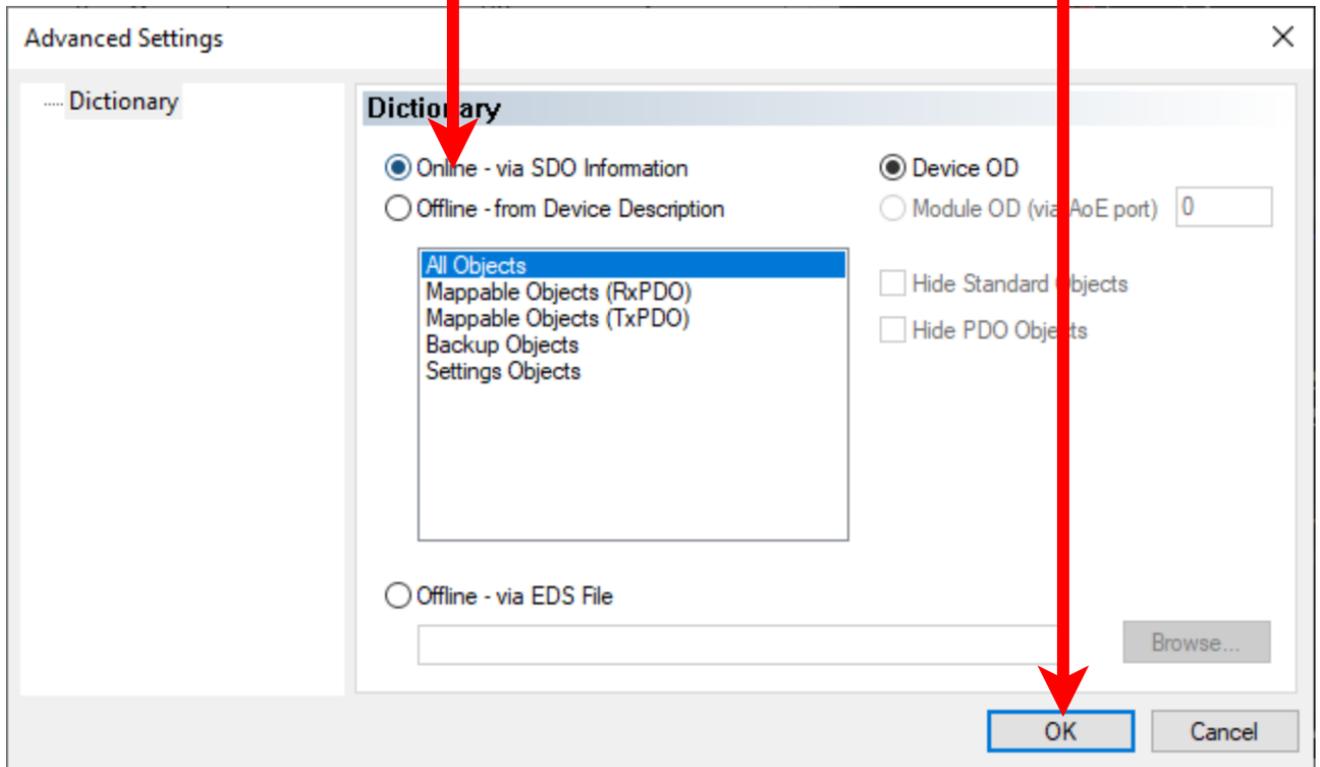


4. Select the Online radio button

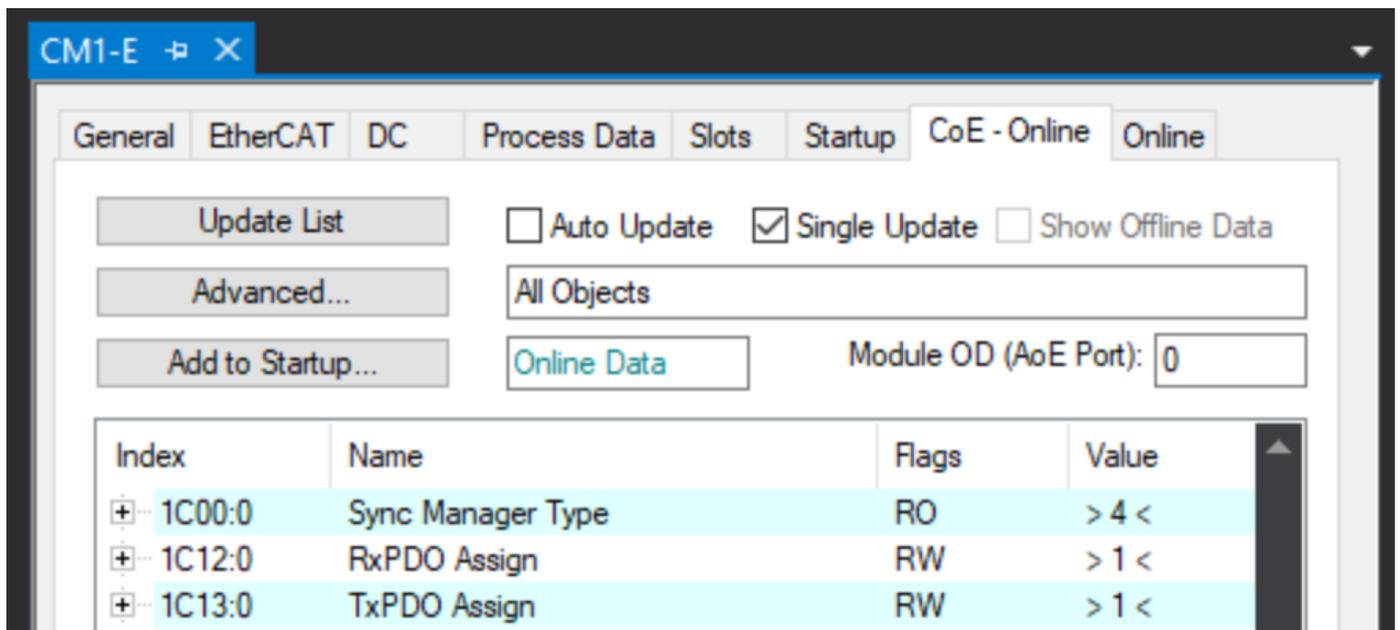
5. Click OK

4. Select Online

5. Click OK



The full object dictionary is now available. The K and H parameters are shown below in red. Expand the list to see all the parameters.



| | | | |
|----------|-------------------------------|------|---------------|
| + 1C32:0 | SM Output Parameter | RO | > 32 < |
| + 1C33:0 | SM Input Parameter | RO | > 32 < |
| + 2201:0 | 32bit User Variables | RO | > 4 < |
| 2301 | Temperature-C | RO P | 54 |
| 603F | Error Code | RO P | 0x4502 (1766) |
| 6040 | Control Word | RW P | 0x0000 (0) |
| 6041 | Status Word | RO P | 0x0230 (560) |
| 605A | Quickstop Option Code | RW | 2 |
| 605B | Shutdown Option Code | RW | 0 |
| 605C | Disable Operation Option Code | RW | 1 |
| 605E | Fault Reaction Code | RW | 0 |
| 6060 | Modes of Operation | RW P | 0 |
| 6061 | Modes of Operation Display | RO P | 0 |
| 6064 | Position Actual Value | RO P | 32 |
| 606C | Velocity Actual Value | RO P | 0 |
| 6072 | Max Torque | RO | 0x04E2 (1250) |
| 6073 | Motor Max Current | RO | 0x04B0 (1200) |
| 6075 | Motor Rated Current | RO | 0x000005DC |
| 6076 | Rated Torque | RO | 0x00000168 |
| 6077 | Torque Actual Value | RO P | 0 |
| 6079 | DC Voltage | RO P | 238 |
| 607A | Target Position | RW P | 0 |
| 607C | Home Offset | RW | 0 |
| 6081 | Profile Velocity | RW P | 0 |
| 6083 | Profile Acceleration | RW P | 0x00000000 |
| 6084 | Profile Dcceleration | RW | 0x00000019 |
| 6098 | Homing Method | RW | 0 |
| + 6099:0 | Homing Speed | RO | > 2 < |
| 609A | Homing Acceleration | RW | 0x000186A0 |
| + 60F6:0 | K Parameter Settings | RO | > 81 < |
| + 60FB:0 | H Parameter Settings | RO | > 8 < |
| 60FD | Digital Inputs | RO P | 0x0000 (0) |
| 60FE | Digital Outputs | RW P | 0x0000 (0) |

8 CM1-E Certifications

8.1 CE Declaration

- [CM1-E / CM1-T CE Declaration of Conformity](#)
- [CM1M9 CE Declaration of Conformity](#)

9 Data Sheets and MCAD

9.1 MCAD 3D Models

For additional 3D formats please contact Myostat support (support@myostat.ca).

[CM1-E-17L30 MCAD](#)

[CM1-E-17S30 MCAD](#)

[CM1-E-23L20 MCAD](#)

[CM1-E-23S30 MCAD](#)

9.2 Datasheets

9.2.1 CM1-E-17

[CM1-E-17X30D rev 1.3.pdf](#)

9.2.2 CM1-E-23

[CM1-E-23XX0D rev 1.2.pdf](#)

10 XML File and Firmware Updates

10.1 Version Information

| Version # | Update Information | XML |
|-----------|---|--|
| V1.3.5 | <p>Revision #: 0x20020103 (No XML update. Revision number is not changed)</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Bug Fixes <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Statusword error bit not asserted on 0x7510 error The statusword error bit was only not asserted if there was a communication problem to the drive on power up. Changes <ol style="list-style-type: none"> i. Clearing the fault on a power up fault will reset the MCU in an attempt to initiate communication. If the fault reset bit remains active and the fault occurs again a reset will occur again. This process will repeat itself. ii. Clearing the fault if it occurs during regular runtime will not reset the MCU. Alternate methods are attempted in this case that do not require a reset. b. Motion not occurring in CSV, CSP or Profile Velocity though the drive indicates it is. Changes <ol style="list-style-type: none"> i. EtherCAT slave switches modes and has additional checks before sending data to the drive | <p>Myostat_CM1-E (V1.3.0)_MDP.xml</p> <p>Myostat_CM1-E (V1.3.0)_FLAT.xml</p> |
| V1.3.4 | <p>Revision #: 0x20020103 (No XML update. Revision number is not changed)</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Feature updates <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Object 0x2201 added. Object is 4 volatile 32 bit registers that can be used as variables. Variable 1 BIT15 and BIT14 are mapped to the Statusword (0x6041). This allows the bits to be used as flags. For example a homing complete flag. | <p>Myostat_CM1-E (V1.3.0).xml</p> |
| V1.3.3 | <p>Revision #: 0x20020103 (No XML update. Revision number is not changed)</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Feature updates <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Target velocity in CSV mode is now in count/s. Previously it was counts/ms b. Velocity Actual Value is now in counts/s. Previously was in counts/ms | <p>Myostat_CM1-E (V1.3.0).xml</p> |
| V1.3.2 | <p>Revision #: 0x20020103 (No XML update. Revision number is not changed)</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Feature updates <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. PDO communication rate now includes multiple periods. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> i. Specifically 200us, 250us, 500us and 1ms. ii. No setting is required on the slave/drive which autodetects the rate. 2. Bug fixes <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. OUT LED indicator fixed. | <p>Myostat_CM1-E (V1.3.0).xml</p> |

| Version # | Update Information | XML |
|-----------|--|--|
| V1.3.0 | Revision #: 0x20020103 1. Feature Updates <ol style="list-style-type: none"> SM and PDI watchdog implemented. The motor will disable if a watchdog timeout is encountered <i>Mode of Operation</i> and <i>Mode of Operation Display</i> have been added to the Profile Mode RxPDO and TxPDO respectively. Statusword BIT12 is implemented for CSV and CSP mode. BIT12 indicates if the drive is following the commanded position. EEPROM data is included in the update and will load automatically. Revision # is updated with each release. The matching XML is required. This allows for multiple version on the same network. 2. Bug fixes <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Halt bit on Homing Mode would not halt the motor when switching modes at the same time. Speed for HM and PP mode is now correctly returned. It was 1/4 of the actual value. 3. General improvements on task handling and timing. | Myostat_CM1-E (V1.3.0).xml |
| V1.2.0 | 1. Feature Updates <ol style="list-style-type: none"> F/W update through FoE in Bootstrap. Object 0xFF01 - Status LED override 2. Bug Fixes <ol style="list-style-type: none"> SDO objects now available in all ESM states. In previous versions the entire dictionary was not available until the slave had transitioned into OP at least one. | Please contact support |
| V1.1.3 | 1. Added support for Explicit Device ID 2. Improved SDO data transfer | |
| V1.1.2 | 1. Improved USB communication for <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Changing H gain parameters Running the motor in CML mode Updating firmware | |

For information on how to update the CM1-E firmware please contact Myostat support

- [Support Portal](#)
- support@myostat.ca
- +1 905 836-4441

11 EtherCAT Master Examples

11.1 TwinCAT

This project uses a PLC visual to run the motor in a number of modes using the standard axis and motion libraries. It is configured to run from a C6017 PLC. This can be changed in the project to a different PLC or local device. The project is archived as .tnzip and can be imported through File → Open → Open Solution from archive

[TC CM1-E Demo.tnzip](#)

11.2 Trio Motion Technology

[Trio Motion Technology](#) have a series of EtherCAT master controllers. The following example use the MC4N-ECAT to control the CM1-E.

The CM1-E utilizes the EC_EXTEND.txt file to add the CM1-E as a slave device. The sample EC_EXTEND can be found in the example project.

[CM1-E Motion Perfect Example .zip](#)

11.2.1 Motion Perfect Sample

The project sample includes the EC_EXTEND, a move program and a reset from error program.

The screenshot displays the Motion Perfect v5.1.2 software interface. The main window shows the code for the CM1_MOVE program, which includes axis selection, drive mode settings, and a while loop for moving the axis.

```

0  BASE(0) 'select axis 0
1  DRIVE_CW_MODE=0
2  SERVO=1 'closing position loop (psuedo)
3  WDOG=1 'drive enable
4  UNITS=1
5  ACCEL=1666667
6  DECEL=1666667
7  SPEED=1666667
8
9  WHILE 1
10  WHILE IN(0)=1
11  MOVEABS(2500000)
12  WAIT IDLE
13  MOVEABS(0)
14  WAIT IDLE
15  WEND
16  WEND
17
18
19

```

The left sidebar shows the system configuration for the MC4N ECAT (P902) v2.0289, including axis status, system status, and program details. The bottom status bar indicates the connection to the MC4N ECAT via Ethernet at 192.168.1.250.

The Output window shows the following messages:

```

%[Process 20:Program CM1E_RESET] - Running
%[Process 20:Line 12] (31) - Program is stopped
%[Process 20:Program CM1E_RESET] - Running
%[Process 20:Line 12] (31) - Program is stopped
%[Process 21:Line 16] (31) - Program is stopped
%[Process 21:Program CM1E_RESET] - Running
%[Process 21:Line 12] (31) - Program is stopped
%[Process 21:Program CM1E_RESET] - Running
%[Process 21:Line 12] (31) - Program is stopped
%[Process 21:Program CM1E_RESET] - Running
%[Process 21:Line 12] (31) - Program is stopped
%[Process 21:Program CM1E_RESET] - Running
%[Process 21:Line 12] (31) - Program is stopped
%[Process 21:Program CM1E_RESET] - Running
%[Process 21:Line 12] (31) - Program is stopped
%[Process 21:Program CM1E_RESET] - Running
%[Process 21:Line 12] (31) - Program is stopped
%[Process 21:Program CM1E_RESET] - Running
%[Process 21:Line 12] (31) - Program is stopped

```

The Compile/Check Results window shows 0 Errors, 0 Warnings, and 2 Messages:

| Description | Location |
|------------------------------------|--------------|
| Program CM1E_RESET compiled succes | B CM1E_RESET |
| Program CM1E_MOVE compiled succes | B CM1E_MOVE |

EC_EXTEND

The EC_EXTEND.txt can be used or can be setup as per the following images. The easiest method for is to import the CM1-E xml and then do a few small modifications to the PDO Definitions to match the images below.

The xml can be found here [Myostat_CM1-E \(V1.3.0\).xml](#)

CM1E_RESET CM1E_MOVE EC_EXTEND 0 X

Vendors And Profiles

Slave Configurations

ESC Configurations

Initialization Commands

PDO Definitions

Parameter editing is not enabled and editor is in read-only mode. [Click to enable editing](#)

Vendors And Profiles

| Index | Name | Vid | Pid | Rev | Axis Type | DRIVE_PROFILE | Slave Config | Comments |
|---|-------|------------|------------|-----------|-----------|---------------|--------------|----------|
| ▲ Myostat Motion Control Inc. (0x0004441) | | | | | | | | |
| 0 | CM1-E | 0x00004441 | 0x44412002 | 537001985 | POSITION | 0 | 0 | |

CM1E_RESET CM1E_MOVE EC_EXTEND 0 X

Vendors And Profiles

Slave Configurations

ESC Configurations

Initialization Commands

PDO Definitions

Parameter editing is not enabled and editor is in read-only mode. [Click to enable editing](#)

Slave Configurations

| Index | Slave Type | Axis Count | DIN | DOUT | AIN | AOUT | ESC Config | SDO Init Cmds | RxPDO Config | TxPDO Config | In Use By | Comments |
|-------|------------|------------|-----|------|-----|------|------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------|----------|
| 0 | SERVO | 1 | 4 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | SDO_APP_CSP | RXPDO_PROFILE | TXPDO_PROFILE | 0 | |

CM1E_RESET CM1E_MOVE EC_EXTEND 0 X

Vendors And Profiles

Slave Configurations

ESC Configurations

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PDO Definitions

Parameter editing is not enabled and editor is in read-only mode. [Click to enable editing](#)

ESC Configurations

▲ ESC Config #0 In Use By: 0

| Index | Start address | Size | Page size | Control byte | Enable | Function | Comments |
|-------|---------------|------|-----------|--------------|--------|----------|----------|
| 0 | Start address | | | 0x26 | 1 | MBOXOUT | |
| 1 | 0x1080 | 128 | | 0x22 | 1 | MBOXIN | |
| 2 | 0x1100 | | | 0x64 | 1 | OUTPUTS | |
| 3 | 0x1400 | | | 0x20 | 1 | INPUTS | |

CM1E_RESET CM1E_MOVE EC_EXTEND 0 X

Vendors And Profiles

Slave Configurations

ESC Configurations

Initialization Commands

PDO Definitions

Parameter editing is not enabled and editor is in read-only mode. [Click to enable editing](#)

SDO Initialization Command Lists

▲ SDO initialization command list #0 - SDO_APP_CSP Base In Use By: 0

| Index | Sub-index | Length | Data | Flags | Transition | Comments |
|--------|-----------|--------|--------|-------|------------|----------|
| 0x1C12 | 0 | 1 | 0 | NONE | 2 | |
| 0x1C13 | 0 | 1 | 0 | NONE | 2 | |
| 0x1C12 | 1 | 2 | 0x1600 | NONE | 2 | |
| 0x1C12 | 0 | 1 | 1 | NONE | 2 | |
| 0x1C13 | 1 | 2 | 0x1A00 | NONE | 2 | |
| 0x1C13 | 0 | 1 | 1 | NONE | 2 | |
| 0x6060 | 0 | 1 | 8 | NONE | 2 | |

CM1E_RESET CM1E_MOVE EC_EXTEND

Vendors And Profiles
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Parameter editing is not enabled and editor is in read-only mode.
[Click to enable editing](#)

RxPDO Configurations

▲ RxPDO Config #0 - RXPDO_PROFILE ■ Base In Use By: [Q](#)

| Name | Length | Flags | Cl | As | Ind | Sul | Bit | Dal | Comments |
|------------------|--------|-------|----|----|------|------|------|------|----------|
| CTRL_WORD | 2 | 0 | | | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | |
| DOUT | 2 | 0 | | | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | |
| TARGET_POS | 4 | 0 | | | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | |
| TARGET_SPEED | 4 | 0 | | | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | |
| TARGET_CTRL_MODE | 1 | 0 | | | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | |
| NULL | | | | | | | | | |

TxPDO Configurations

▲ TxPDO Config #0 - TXPDO_PROFILE ■ Base In Use By: [Q](#)

| Name | Length | Flags | Cl | As | Ind | Sul | Bit | Dal | Comments |
|------------------|--------|-------|----|----|------|------|------|------|----------|
| STATUS_WORD | 2 | 0 | | | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | |
| ERR_STATUS | 2 | 0 | | | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | |
| ACTUAL_POS | 4 | 0 | | | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | |
| ACTUAL_SPEED | 4 | 0 | | | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | |
| ACTUAL_TORQUE | 2 | 0 | | | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | |
| DIN | 2 | 0 | | | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | |
| ACTUAL_VR_INT | 2 | 0 | | | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | |
| ACTUAL_VR_INT | 2 | 0 | | | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | |
| ACTUAL_CTRL_MODE | 1 | 0 | | | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | |
| NULL | | | | | | | | | |